



Competence in High Performance Computing

Portable MPI Tools at Work - Cracking Performance Problems

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State-of-the-art program development tools ...

... in detail:

- Vampir-2.5 (online-Demo), Vampirtrace-2.0, Dimemas

... briefly:

- Etnus TotalView 4.0 Multi-process Debugger
- PGI 3.1 x86 Compilers, Cluster Development Kit (CDK)
- KAP/Pro Toolset 3.8, OpenMP
- KAI C++ 3.4, ISO standard
- FORESYS - Fortran Restructuring Tool

... free open source:

- PMB - Pallas MPI Benchmark Suite (incl. “effective Bandwidth”)



Compilers & Tools ...

- PGI 3.1 x86 compilers , C, C++, F77, F90, HPF, pgrof, pgdbg
- SMP/OpenMP support for C, C++, F77, F90

... plus convenient add-on's:

- parallel ScaLAPACK
- optimized BLAS, LAPACK
- MPI/mpich
- PVM
- PBS - Portable Batch System
- Tutorial, examples
- Cluster management utilities

KAP/Pro Toolset - Assure Example

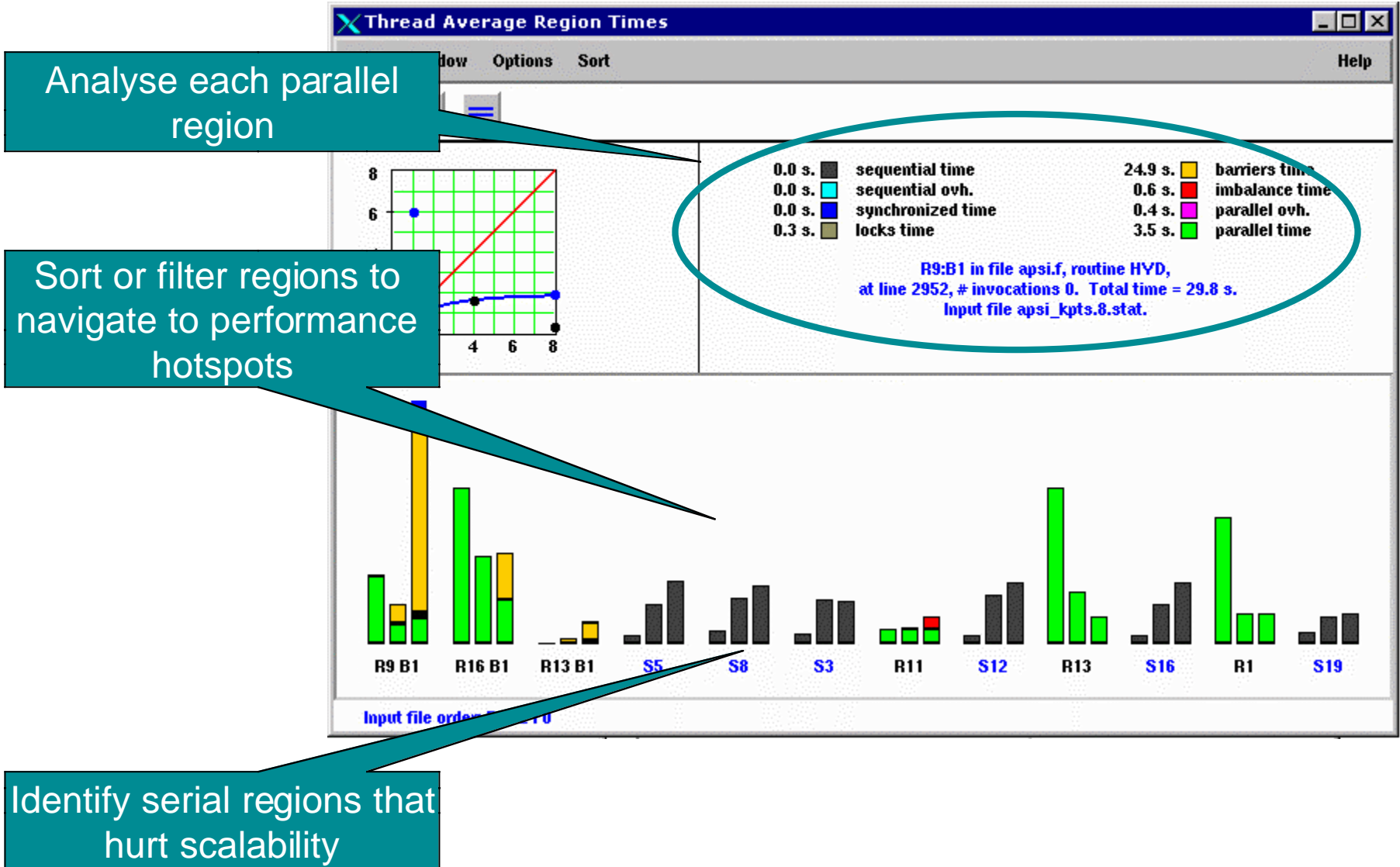


The screenshot displays the KAP/Pro Toolset interface. The top window, titled "Project: parbugs Data File: parbugs", contains a menu bar (File, View, Search, Print, Preferences, Reorder, Windows, Help) and a toolbar. Below the toolbar, a list of error messages is shown, including "Write -> Write II in PARBUGS", "2 Errors in PARALLEL region: PARBUGS@46-51", "Write -> Read ISQMAX in PARBUGS -> ISQMAX", "Parallel I/O incorrectly synchronized in", "2 Errors in PDO: PARBUGS@47-51", "Write -> Read ISQMAX in PARBUGS", "Write -> Write ISQMAX in PARBUGS", "1 Error in PARALLEL DO: PARBUGS@62-68", "Uninitialized read in PARBUGS of PRIVATE", "1 Construct which was not executed", and "PARALLEL DO: COMPUTE@80-83". A legend at the bottom left indicates "Program Wide Errors per Construct" with categories: Errors (red), Cautions (orange), Warnings (yellow), OK (green), and Not Run (blue). The right window, titled "Source & Sink: parbugs.f", shows the source code with line numbers 34 to 63. A red box highlights line 49: `isqmax = max(isquared(i), isqmax)`. A blue arrow points from the error message "Write -> Read ISQMAX in PARBUGS" to this line. The source code includes comments about "reduction(max: isqmax)", "nowait" clause, and "firstprivate()" clause.

```
34 ! Add "reduction(max: isqmax)" to correct these problems.
35
36 ! The nowait clause means that the printout of
37 ! isqmax could occur before isqmax gets its final values.
38 ! Assure will report a write->read conflict. Remove the "nowait"
39 ! clause to correct.
40
41 ! The I/O here should be synchronized. Assure will report this.
42 ! Fix by placing the write statement inside a "!$omp single"/
43 ! "$omp end single" pair.
44
45 isqmax = 0
46 !$omp parallel private(i)
47 !$omp do
48 do i = 1, imax
49 isqmax = max(isquared(i), isqmax)
50 end do
51 !$omp end do nowait
52
53 write(*,*) "Maximum value was ", isqmax
54
55 !$omp end parallel
56
57 ! When iinit is made private, its initial value is undefined,
58 ! not -1. Assure will recognize the uninitialized read of iinit.
59 ! Fix by placing iinit in a "firstprivate()" clause and i in
60 ! a "lastprivate()" clause.
61 iinit = -1
62 !$omp parallel do private(iinit, i)
63 do i = 1, imax
```

Source location

KAP/Pro Toolset - GuideView Example





The most modern, best performing, platform independant C++

- ISO C++ standard syntax, including exeptions and member templates
- ISO C++ standard class library
- multi-platform support
- meet C performance requirements
- thread safety (on most platforms)



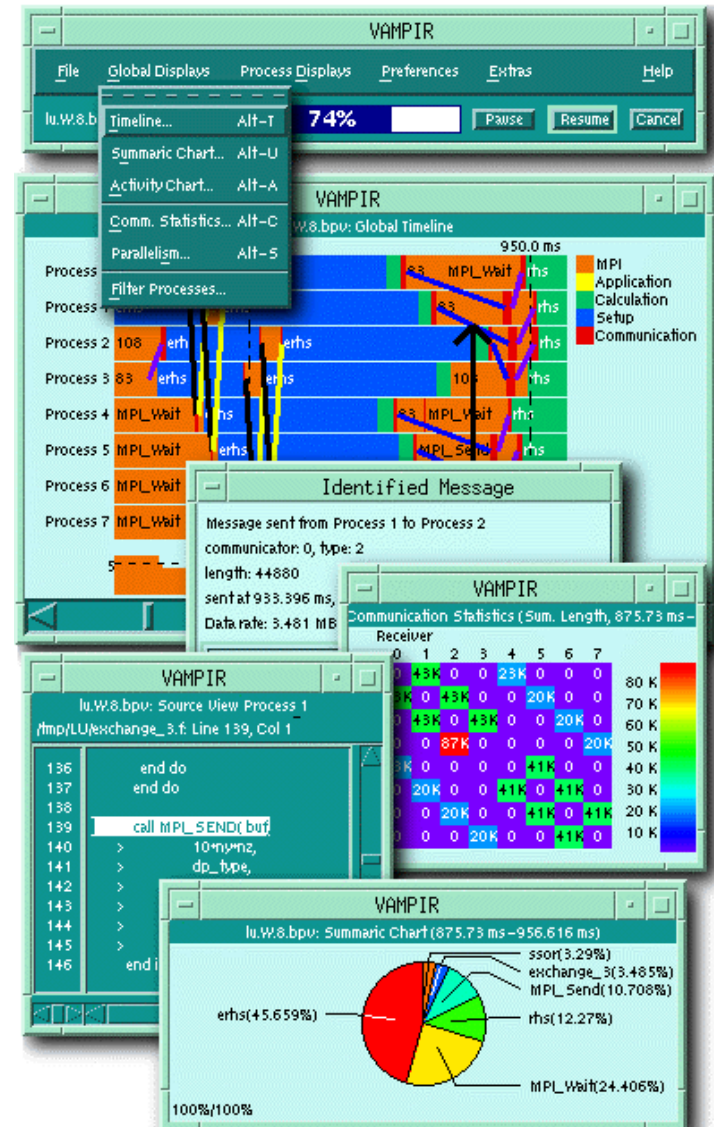
- Translates FORTRAN code (F77 - F95) into abstract syntax tree (ForLib)
- FORTRAN code consistency checks (definitions of functions, common blocks etc.)
- Interactive visualization & analysis of inconsistencies
- Upgrading from FORTRAN 77 to FORTRAN 90
- Interactive/batch analysis of parallelization possibilities
- Automatic code quality analysis/improvements



Vampir 2.5



Visualization and Analysis of MPI Programs





- New version: Vampir 2.5
- Significant new features
 - support for collective MPI operations
 - trace comparison
 - tracefile re-write
 - message-length histogram
 - local and global calling trees
 - source-code reference
 - support for MPI-2 I/O operations



Vampir Features



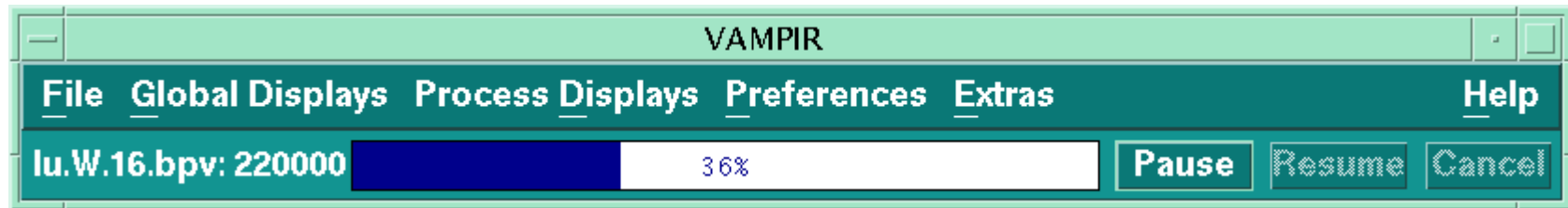
- Offline trace analysis for MPI (and others ...)
- Traces generated by **Vampirtrace** tool (``ld ... -IVT -lpmpi -lmpi``)
- Convenient user–interface
- **Scalability** in time and processor–space
- Excellent **zooming** and **filtering**
- High–performance graphics
- Display and analysis of **MPI** and **application** events:
 - execution of **MPI** routines
 - point–to–point and collective communication
 - MPI–2 I/O operations
 - execution of application subroutines (optional)
- Easy customization



Vampir Main Window



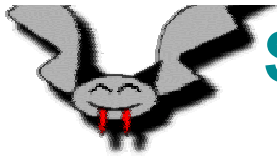
Vampir 2.5 main window



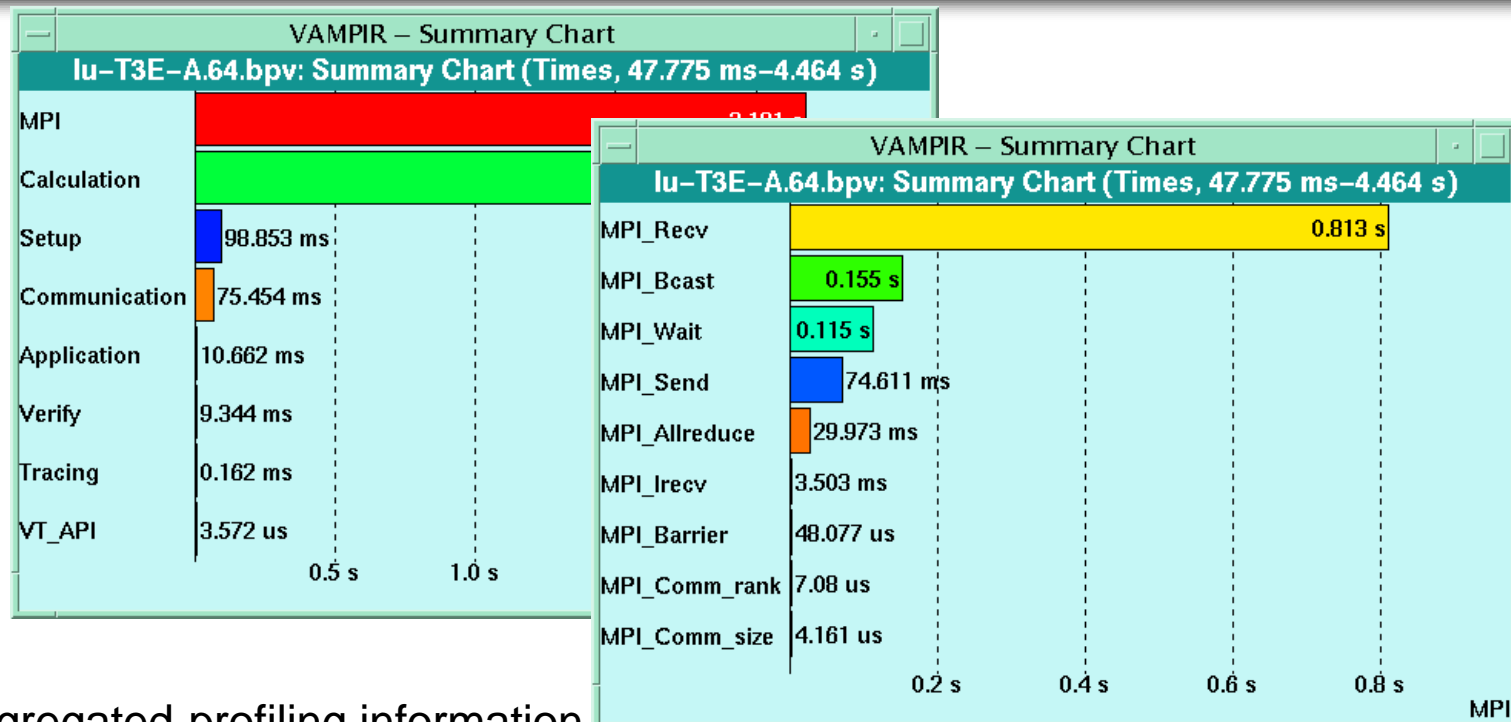
- Tracefile loading can be interrupted at any time
- Tracefile loading can be resumed
- Tracefile can be loaded starting at a specified time offset
- Tracefile can be re-written (re-grouped symbols)



- Global displays show all selected processes
 - Summary Chart: aggregated profiling information
 - Activity Chart: presents per-process profiling information
 - Timeline: detailed application execution over time axis
 - Communication statistics: message statistics for each process pair
 - Global Comm. Statistics: collective operations statistics
 - I/O Statistics: MPI I/O operation statistics
 - Calling Tree: draws global or local dynamic calling trees
- Process displays show a single process per window
 - Activity Chart
 - Timeline
 - Calling Tree



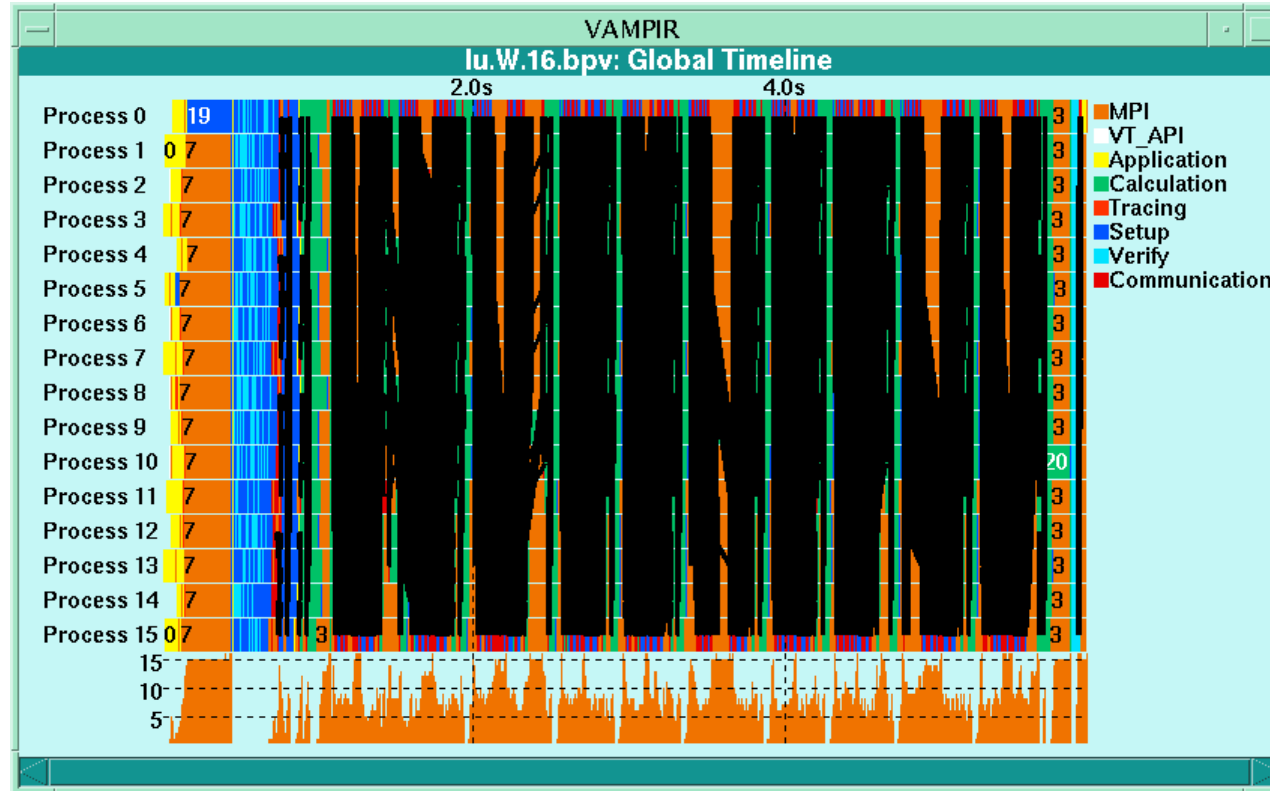
Summary Chart



- Aggregated profiling information
 - execution time
 - number of calls
- Inclusive or exclusive of called routines
- Look at all/any category or all states
- Values can be exported/imported
- Tracefiles can be compared



Timeline Display



- Now displays MPI collective and I/O operations
- To zoom, draw rectangle with the mouse
- Also used to select sub-intervals for statistics



Timeline Display (Message Info)



See message details

Click on message line

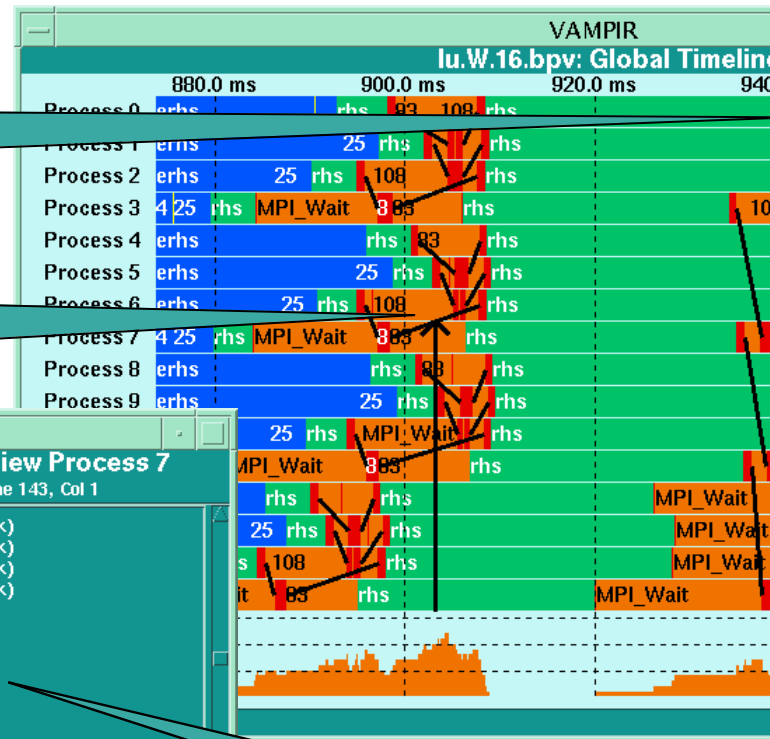
VAMPIR

lu.W.16.bpv: Source View Process 7

/tmp/traces/NPB-LU/exchange_3.f: Line 143, Col 1

```
136   buf(2,ipos2) = g(2,1,j,k)
137   buf(3,ipos2) = g(3,1,j,k)
138   buf(4,ipos2) = g(4,1,j,k)
139   buf(5,ipos2) = g(5,1,j,k)
140   end do
141   end do
142
143   call MPI_SEND( buf,
144     > 10*ny*nz,
145     > dp_type,
146     > north,
147     > from_s,
148     > MPI_COMM_WORLD,
149     > IERROR )
150   end if
```

Message send op



Identified Message

Message sent from Process 7 to Process 6
communicator: 0, type: 1
length: 21120
sent at 898.439 ms, received at 907.921 ms
Data rate: 2.227 MBytes/sec

Close

VAMPIR

lu.W.16.bpv: Source View Process 6

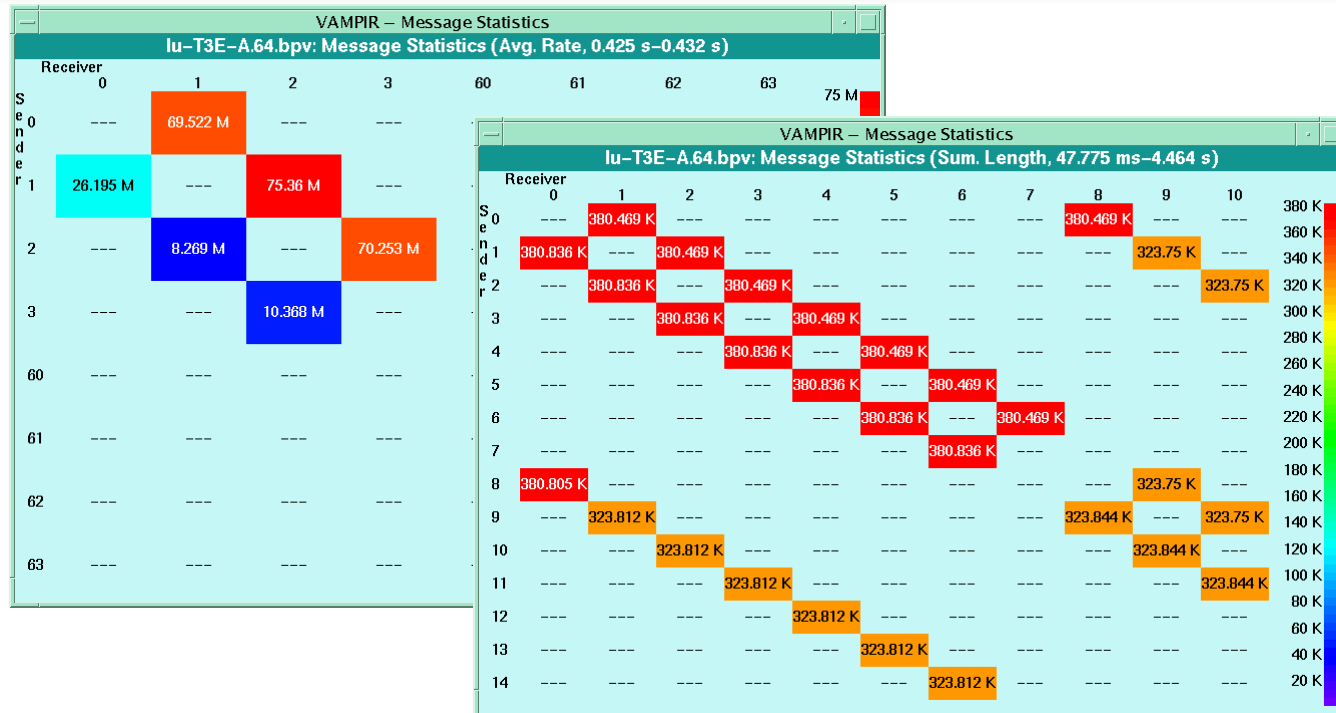
/tmp/traces/NPB-LU/exchange_3.f: Line 156, Col 1

```
149   > IERROR )
150   end if
151
152   c -----
153   c receive from south
154   c -----
155   if (south.ne.-1) then
156     call MPI_WAIT( mid, STATUS, IERROR )
157
158     do k = 1,nz
159       do j = 1,ny
160         ipos1 = (k-1)*ny + j
161         ipos2 = ipos1 + ny*nz
162         buf(1,ipos1) = buf(1,ipos1)
163         buf(2,j,k) = buf(2,ipos1)
```

Message receive op



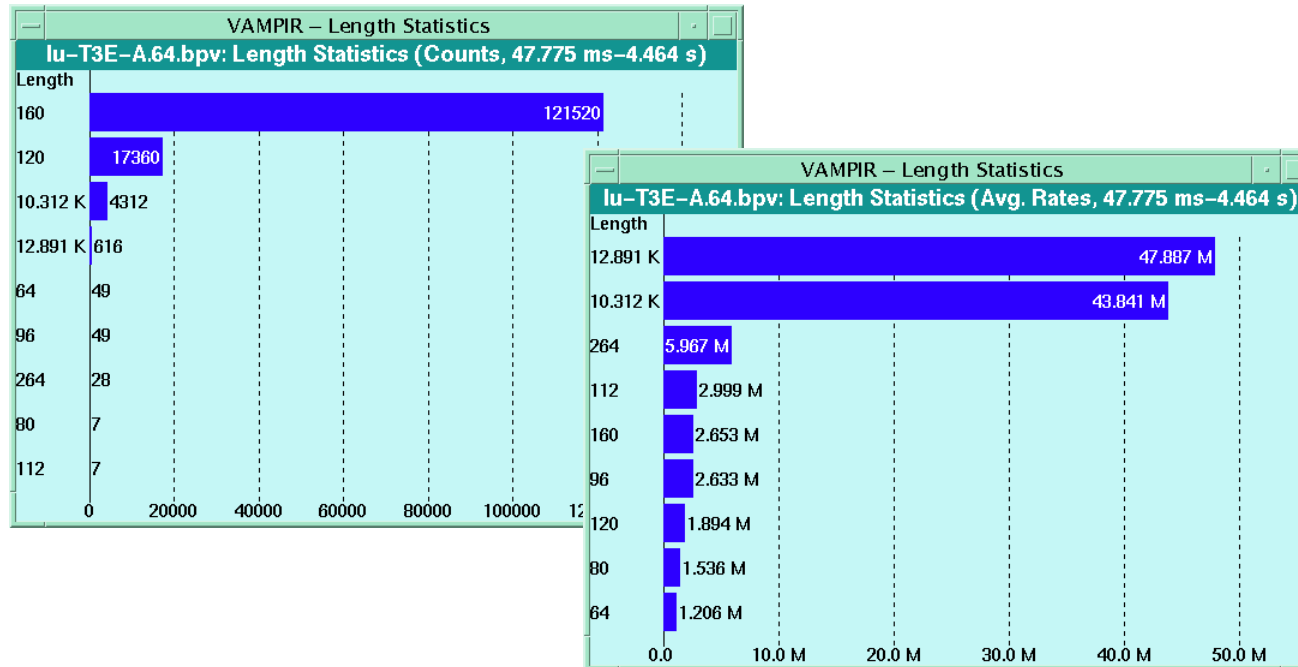
Communication Statistics



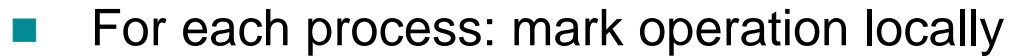
- Message statistics for each process pair:
 - Byte and message count
 - min/max/avg message length
 - min/max/avg bandwidth
- Filter for message tags or communicators



Message Histograms



- Message statistics by length, tag or communicator
 - Byte and message count
 - min/max/avg bandwidth
- Filter for message tags or communicators

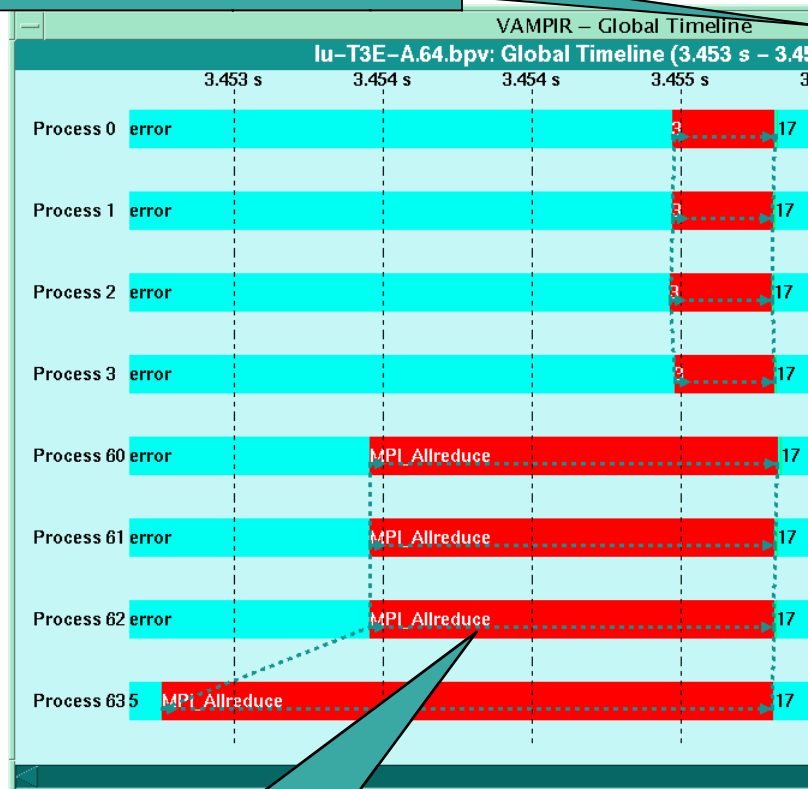




Collective Operations



See global timing info



VAMPIR - Identified Global Operation	
Root:	Process 0
Participants:	Process(s) 0-63
Operation:	MPI_Allreduce
Communicator:	0
Interval:	3.453258 s - 3.455321 s
Duration:	2.06312 ms
Length:	2560 bytes / 2560 bytes
Send rate:	1.183 Mbytes/s
Local Values	
Close	

VAMPIR - Identified Global Operation	
Root:	Process 0
Location:	Process 62
Operation:	MPI_Allreduce
Communicator:	0
Interval:	3.453956 s - 3.455311 s
Duration:	1.35444 ms
Length:	40 bytes / 40 bytes
Send rate:	28.84 Kbytes/s
Global Values	
Close	

Click on collective operation display

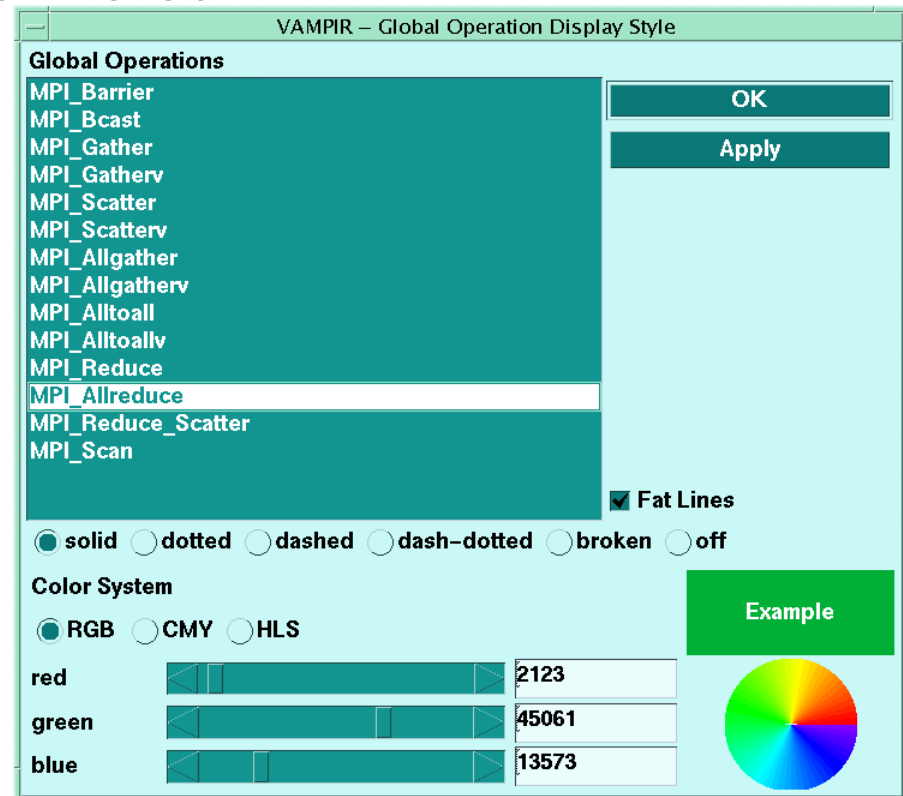
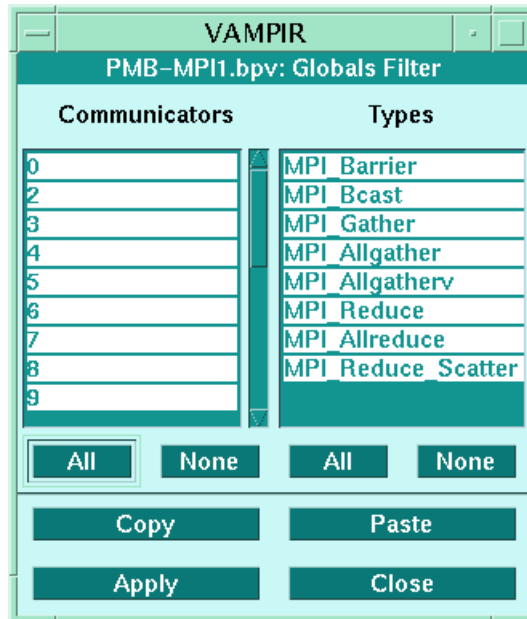
See local timing info



Collective Operations



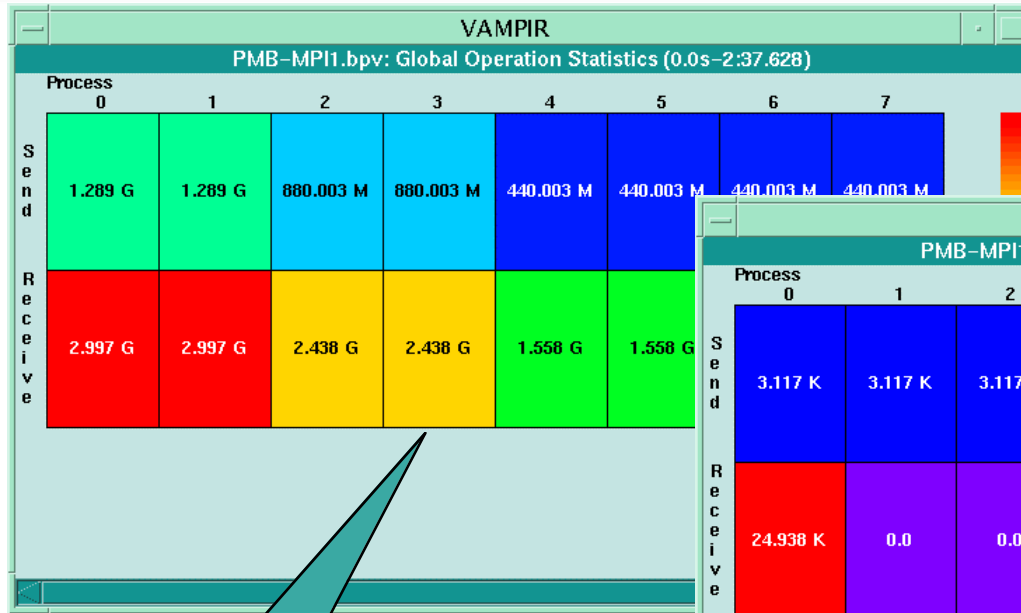
- Collective operations can be filtered



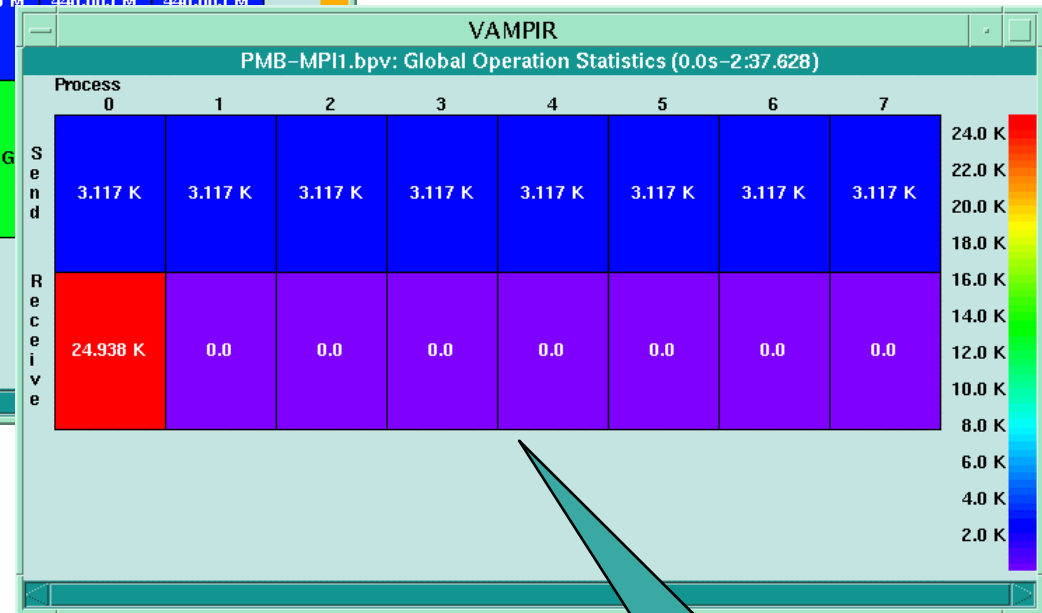
- The display style can be adapted for each collective operation



Global Communication Statistics



All collective operations

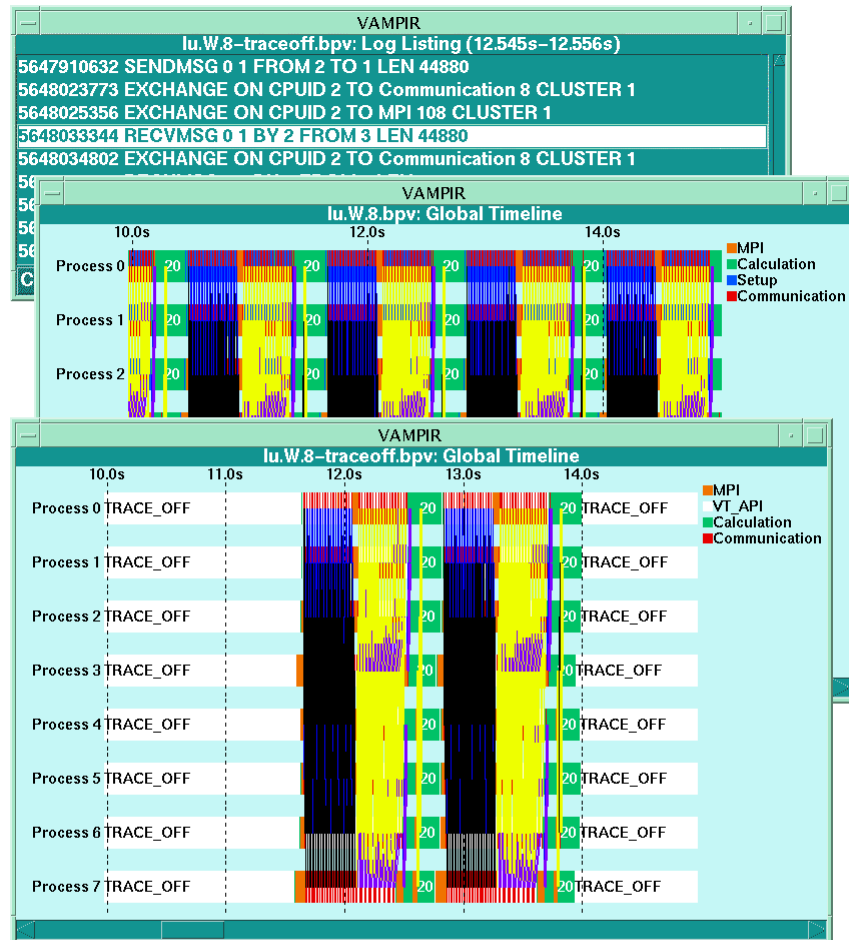


MPI_Gather only

- Statistics for collective operations:
 - operation counts, Bytes sent/received
 - transmission rates
- Filter for collective operation

Vampirtrace

Tracing of MPI and Application Events





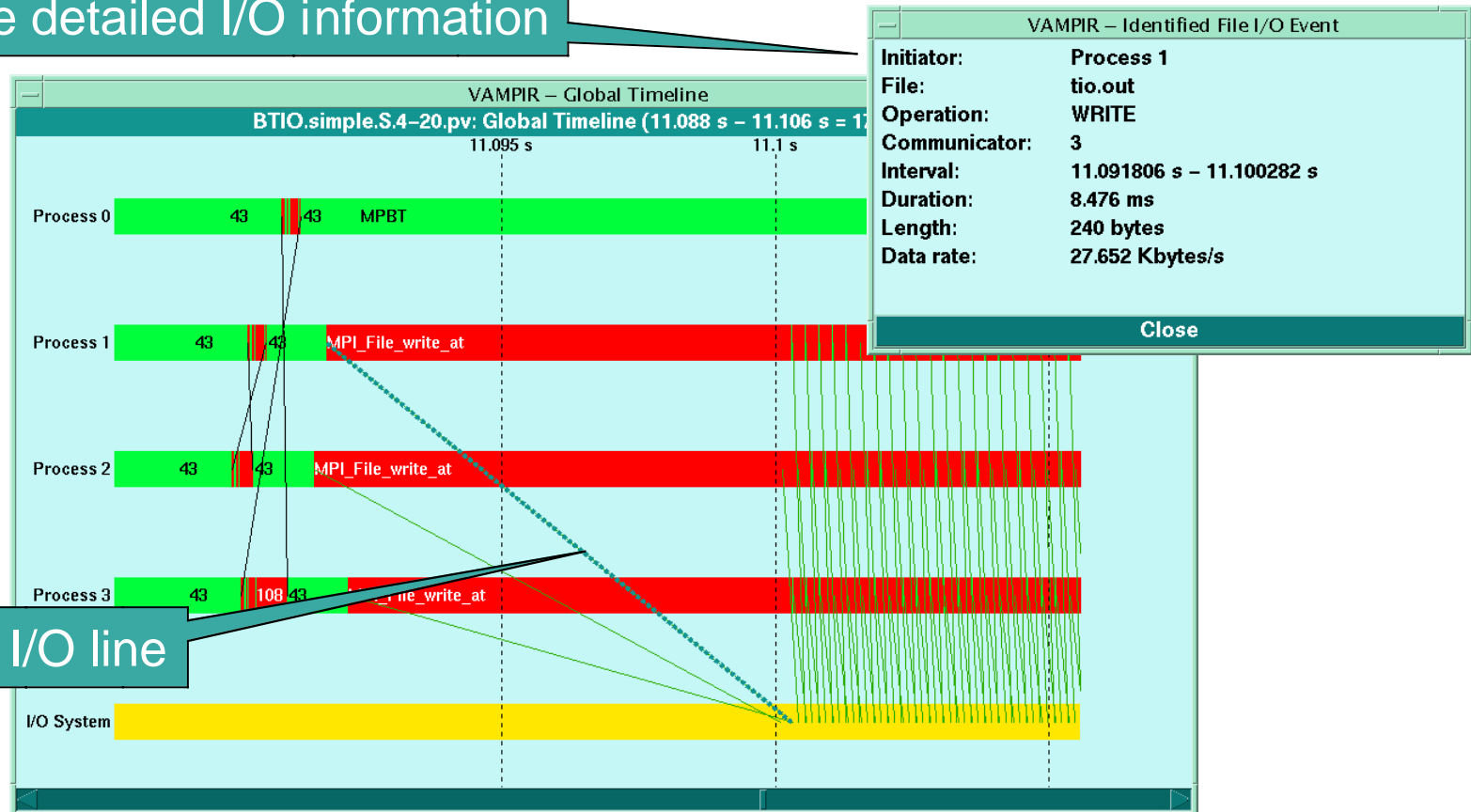
- New version: Vampirtrace 2.0
- Significant new features:
 - records collective communication
 - enhanced filter functions
 - extended API
 - records source–code information (selected platforms)
 - support for shmem (Cray T3E)
 - records MPI–2 I/O operations
- Available for all major MPI platforms



MPI-I/O Operations



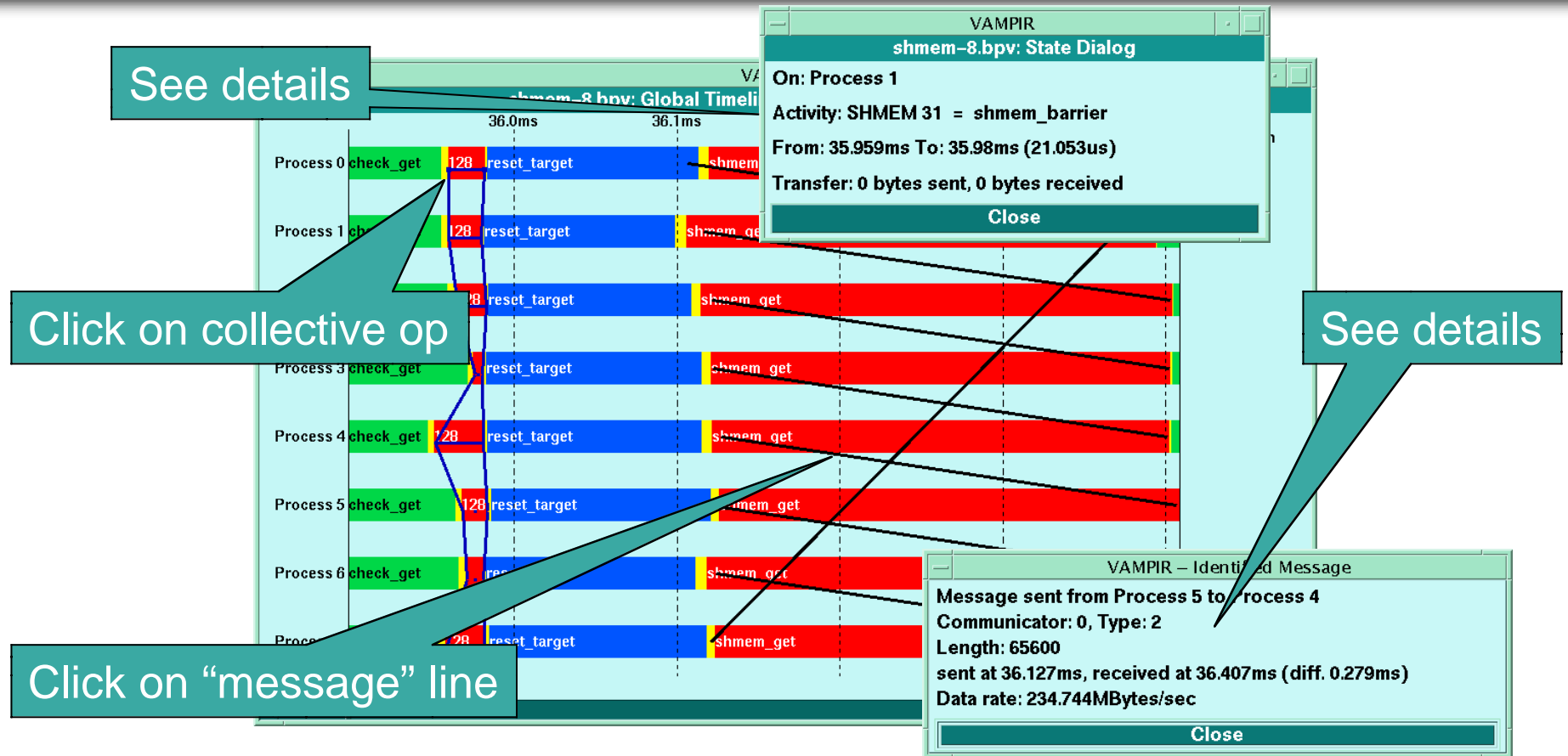
See detailed I/O information



- I/O transfers are shown as lines



shmem Operations



- Display one-sided transfers as messages
- Display shmem global operations



Vampir Track Record

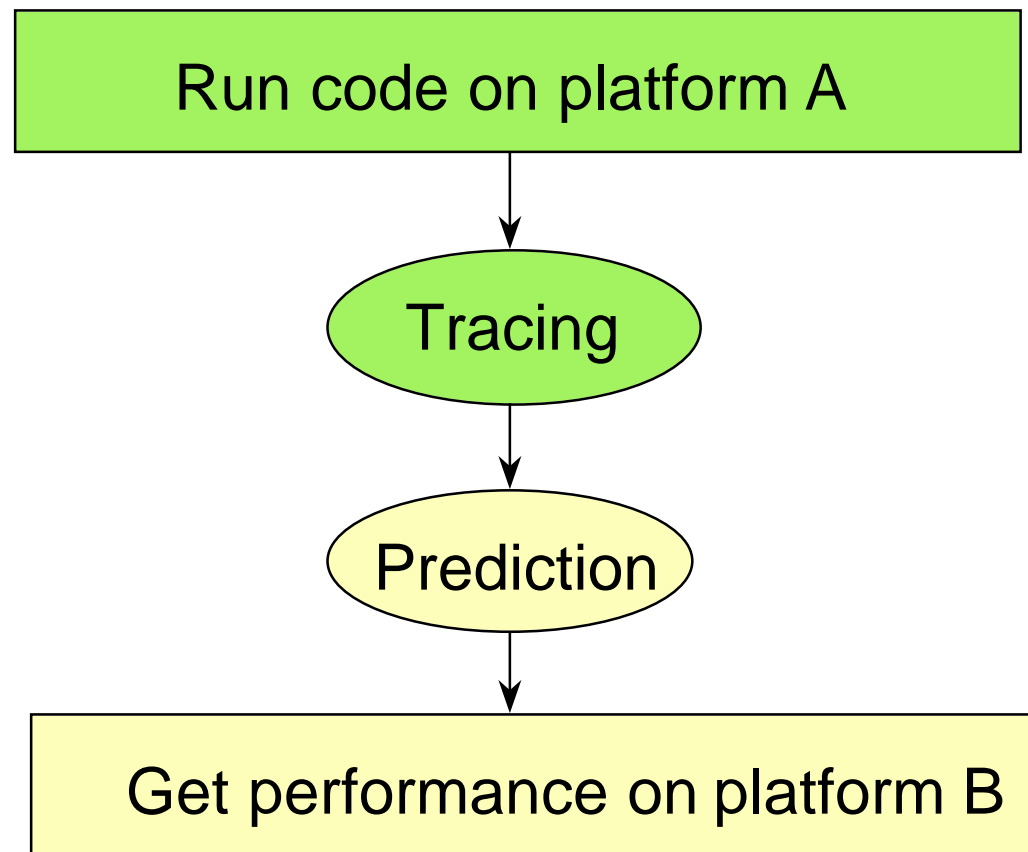


- Reference customers: ARL, ARSC, CEWES, LANL, LLNL, MHPCC, NASA, NERSC, NSA, Cornell TC, Oregon Univ., CEA, DWD, ECMWF, GMD, HLRS, LRZ, PC², RUKA, ...

- URLs:
 - www.tc.cornell.edu/Edu/Tutor/Vampir
 - www.llnl.gov/sccd/lc/DEG/vampir/vampir.html
 - www.uni-karlsruhe.de/~Vampir
 - www.lrz-muenchen.de/services/software/parallel/vampir
 - www.hlrs.de/structure/support/parallel_computing/tools/performance/vampir.html

Dimemas

Performance
Prediction
Made
Easy



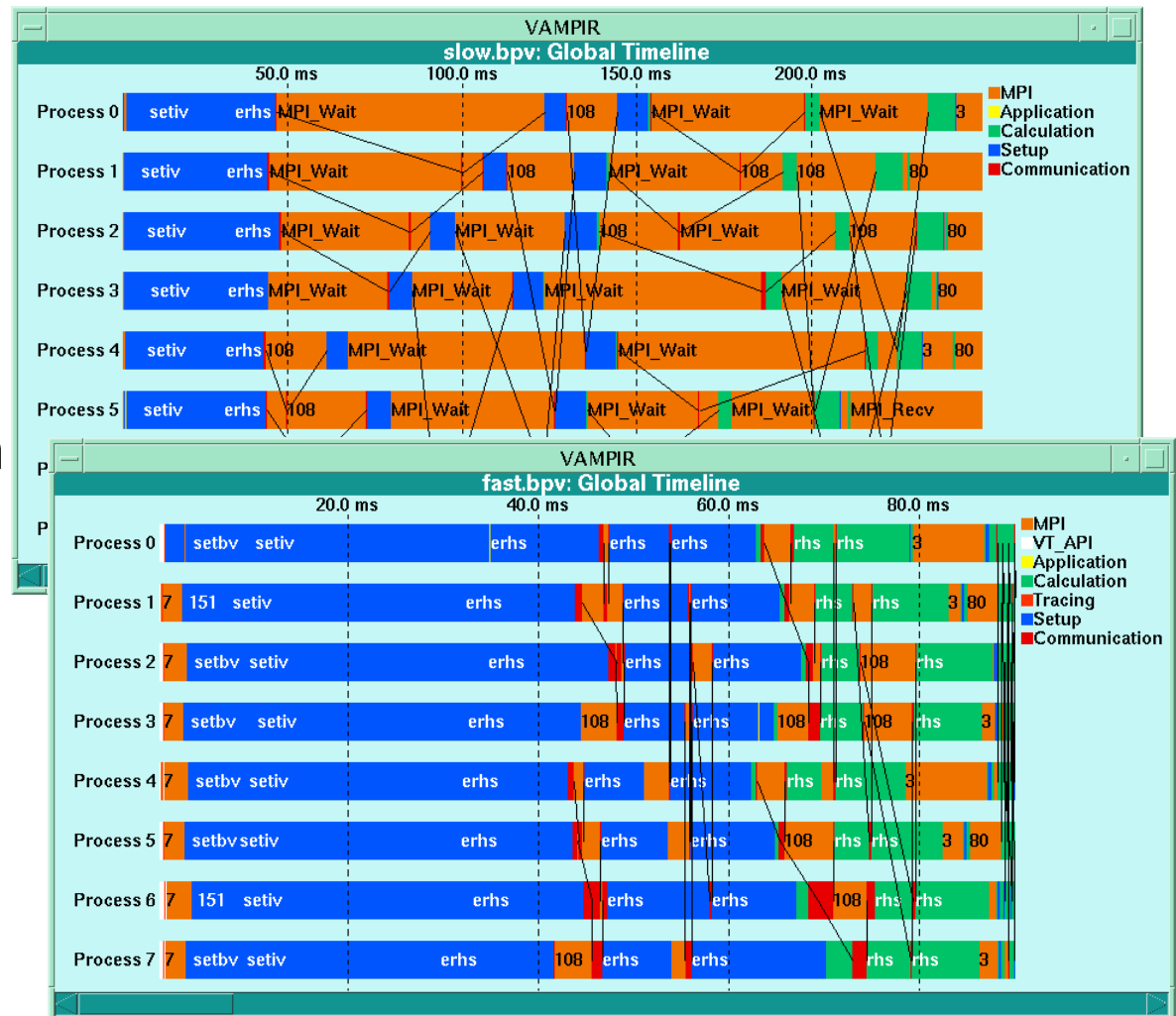
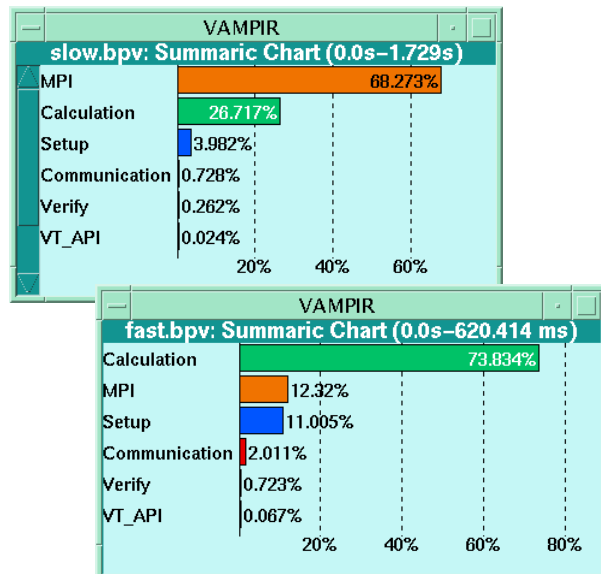
Dimemas Outputs – Vampir Tracefiles



- Actual program run

VS.

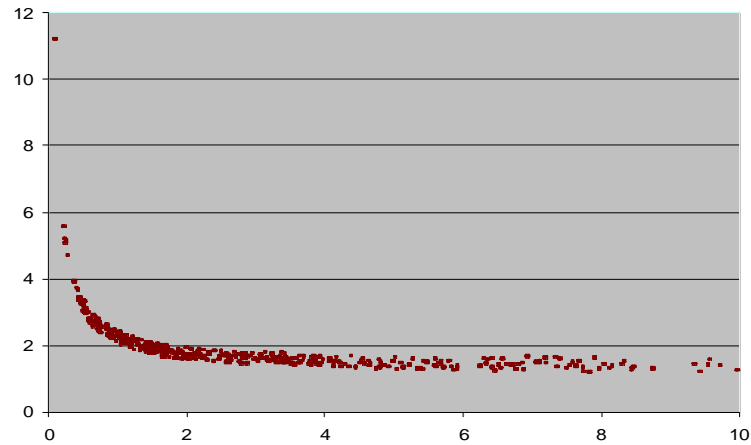
- Ideal communication



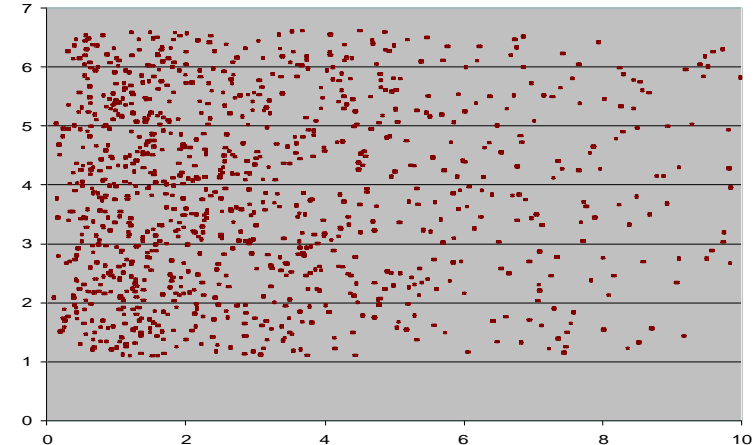
Dimemas - Prediction studies



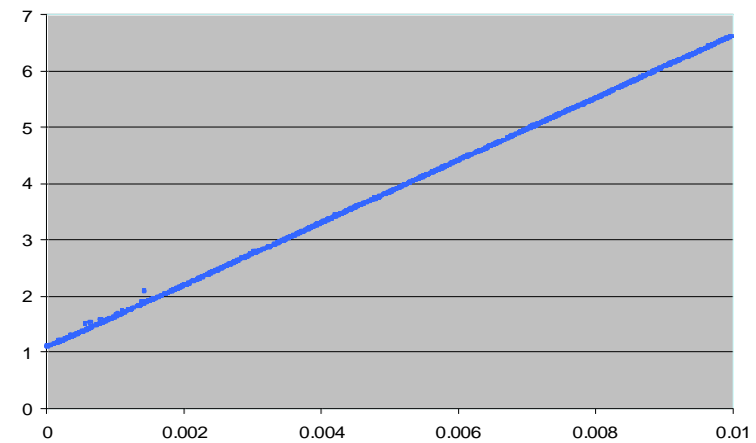
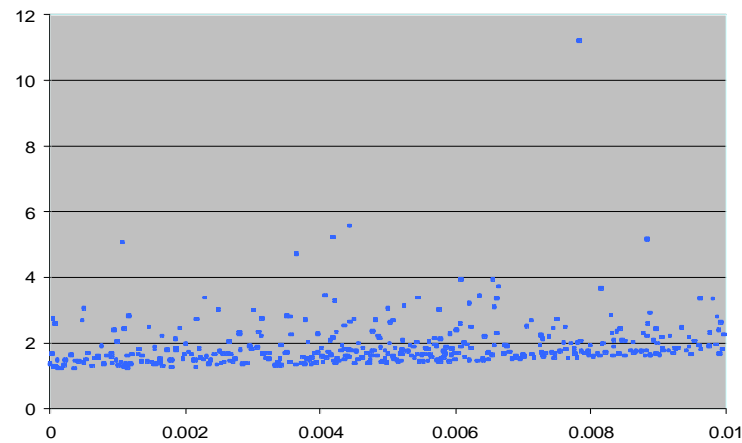
FFT



PDE



Communication bandwidth (MB/s)



Communication latency (s)

Example Results – Performance Prediction



■ NAS LU benchmarks

Benchmark	Class	Time	Simulated	
BT	A	316.580000	319.858708	1.04%
BT	W	6.410000	5.548973	13.43%
CG	A	4.480000	4.210193	6.02%
CG	B	342.860000	335.641787	2.11%
CG	W	1.130000	1.210509	7.12%
EP	A	18.970000	18.843001	0.67%
EP	B	75.990000	77.122498	1.49%
EP	W	2.380000	2.391074	0.47%
LU	A	131.660000	129.139735	1.91%
LU	B	793.070000	785.966349	0.90%
LU	W	16.550000	17.415359	5.23%
MG	A	16.850000	16.290057	3.32%
MG	B	59.480000	64.974789	9.24%
MG	W	1.052000	1.112022	5.71%
SP	A	152.020000	151.821937	0.13%
SP	W	16.950000	15.237959	10.10%

Future plans - Vampir, Dimemas

- Towards automatic performance analysis
 - improve user guidance in Vampir and Dimemas
 - add “assistant” module for inexperienced users
- Support for clustered shared-memory systems
 - support shared-memory programming models (threads, OpenMP)
 - expose cluster structure
 - aggregate information on SMP nodes
- Support for (very) large systems
 - new structured tracefile format
 - fine-grain interactive control over tracing
 - scalable displays
 - new Vampir structure (can exploit parallelism)



Access to Pallas Tools

Download **free evaluation copies**

<http://www.pallas.com>

Thanks for your attention!



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