

Visualization Of A Deterministic Radiation Transport Model Using Standard Visualization Tools

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Introduction

- Visualization
- Visualization Requirements
- Vislt
- Plot Types
- Operators
- Databases
- Attila
- Attila With Vislt

Visualization

- Increasing compute capabilities has led to:
 - Results being achieved much quicker, we need to facilitate it's analysis
 - A need to compress expanding data sets into visual data analysis
- Goal: Generic solution to a generic problem

– For both current and future problems

Visualization (continued)

- Existing problems need a solution now (i.e. yesterday)
- Cannot create a totally new solution
 - Cannot afford to "roll our own"
 - Do not have \$, staff, or time
- Need to leverage the work of others
- Specific solution to a specific problem is a last resort

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Visualization Requirements

- Scalability
- Extensibility
- Portability
- Performance
- Standards

Scalability

- Support for wide range of data set sizes up to terascale data sets
- Support for wide range of compute platforms
 - Use of parallel compute engines
 - Able to run in small environments for small problems (efficient use of resources)

Extensibility

- Easily extend data formats supported
- Easily extend visualization techniques provided
- Easily extend filtering techniques provided

Portability

- Support targeted platforms
 - SUN
 - SGI
 - Linux
 - MS Windows
- Use of a common source baseline on all target systems

Performance

- Adequate performance on targeted hardware platforms
 - Acceptable performance based on problem size
- Parallel compute engine capabilities

Standards

- Use of widely accepted standards or techniques:
 - Not necessarily standard based on standards organizations
 - Graphic standards
 - File formats
 - Graphics toolkits
 - Use of widely accepted "good stuff"
 - Scripting languages
 - GUI

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Vislt

- Our primary tool of choice
- Developed at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL)
- Component based supports extensibility needs
- Parallel compute engine
- Designed for tera-scale data sets
- Open source implementation
- Provides output of static snapshots of plots in standard graphic file formats
- Allows additional manual annotation
- Actively being developed at LLNL

Scalability

- Supports tera-scale data sets
- Runs on single CPU systems
- Also provides parallel compute engine (SMP & Clusters)
- Supports multiple platforms
 - AIX, Solaris, Irix, Linux, MS Windows

Extensibility

- Component based
- Designed with plugin technology
- Supported data formats may be easily expanded
- Visualization techniques may be easily expanded
- Data filtering techniques may be easily expanded

Portability

- Supports necessary hardware platforms

 SGI, Sun, Linux, MS Windows
- Uses a single source baseline
- Automake / autoconf tolls to create Makefiles
- MS Windows has platform specific set of Makefiles

Performance

- Runs equally well on small single CPU systems with reasonable data set size
 - Majority of visualizations in this presentation were created on a Dell Inspiron 8000 laptop (800Mhz)
- Compute engine is capable of parallel operation based on domains within data set
- Windows Issues:
 - STL implementation with MS Visual C++
 - STLport
 - Faster than Linux on same class of machine

Standards

- Based on Visualization Toolkit (VTK)
- Utilizes OpenGL (Mesa)
- Extends Python scripting language
- Data file formats
 - Silo, SAF (Sets And Fields), Ensight, VTK, ...
- QT (GUI toolkit)

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Plot Types

- Implemented as plugin modules
 - Boundary
 - Contours (isosurfaces)
 - Mesh
 - Pseudocolor
 - Surface
 - Vector
 - Volume
- Can be easily extended

Operator Types

- Implemented as plugin modules
 - Clip
 - Slice
 - Transform
 - Onion peel
 - Reflect
- Can be easily extended

Data Formats

- Implemented as plugin modules
 - Silo
 - Sets And Fields (SAF)
 - -VTK
 - Partial HDF5
 - Ensight
 - Exodus
- Can be easily extended

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Attila

- Deterministic radiation transport software package
- Designed and implemented to be a robust, general purpose radiation transport solver.
- Developed at LANL, licensed to Radion Technologies
- Used at INEEL for core safety analysis activities

Attila With Vislt

- Attila currently generates a Tecplot output file
- New database component created for Tecplot file
- Mesh was segmented into subsets to allow VisIt to utilize concept of Domains
 - Remove portions of the database before the compute engine sees it
 - Simplifies data filtering w/o use of complex filters
 - Domains are used to identify tasks for parallel computation activities
- Model size:
 - 398,775 nodes
 - 1,361,682 tetrahedral elements

Full Attila Model of Advanced Test Reactor



ATR Model W/O Water & Relect Domains



ATR Model With Only Core Domains



28

ATR Core Model – Clipped w/3 Planes



Slice With 2D X-Y Plot



Conclusion

- VisIt performs quite well for our current and anticipated problems
- Provides a good environment for extension
- Supports reporting needs
- Documentation is not quite adequate, but software engineers are answering their phone and e-mail
- A definite generic solution to a generic problem
- The price is right!