## Recent Trends in Operating Systems and their Applicability to HPC

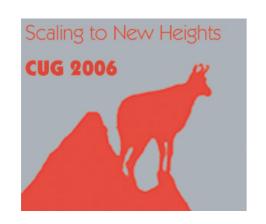
Arthur Maccabe. Patrick Bridges

Ron Brightwell, Rolf Riesen

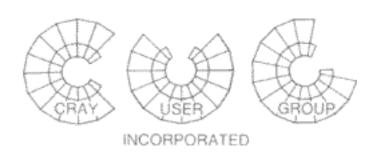
University of New Mexico Sandia National Laboratories



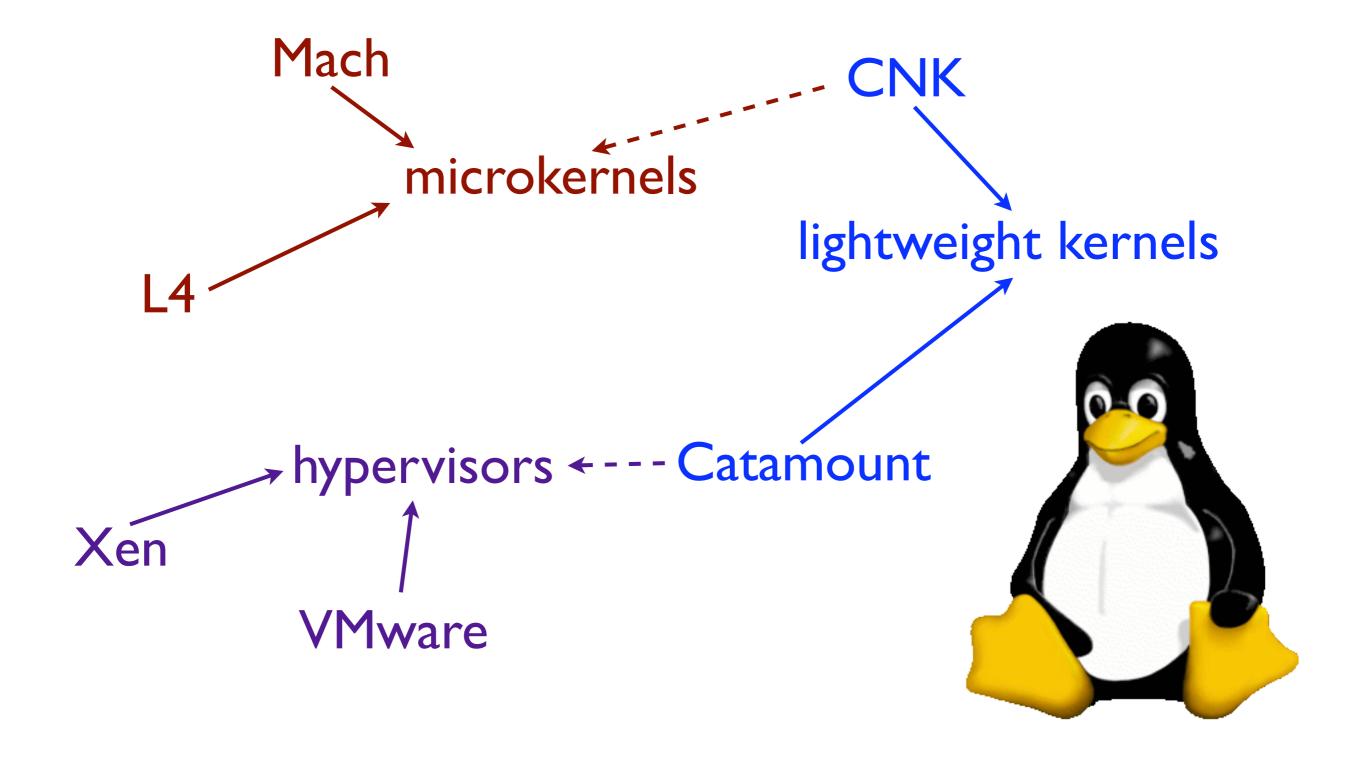




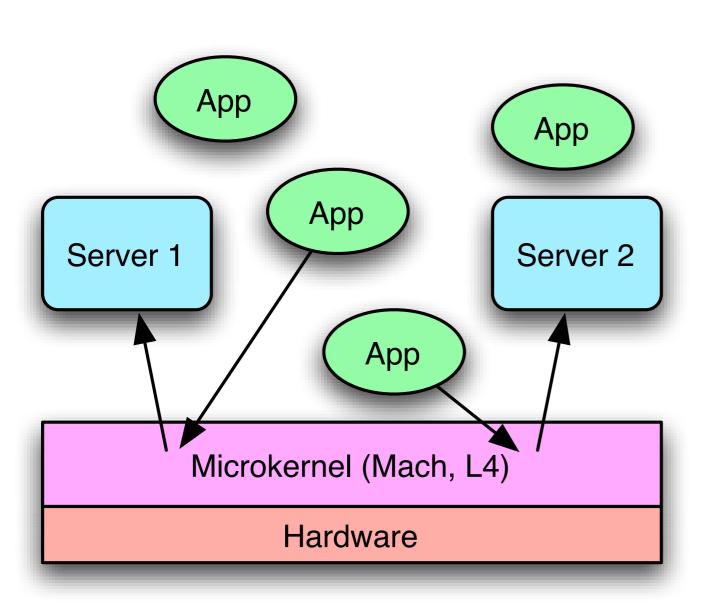
May 11, 2006 Lugano, Switzerland



## Variety, variety, variety



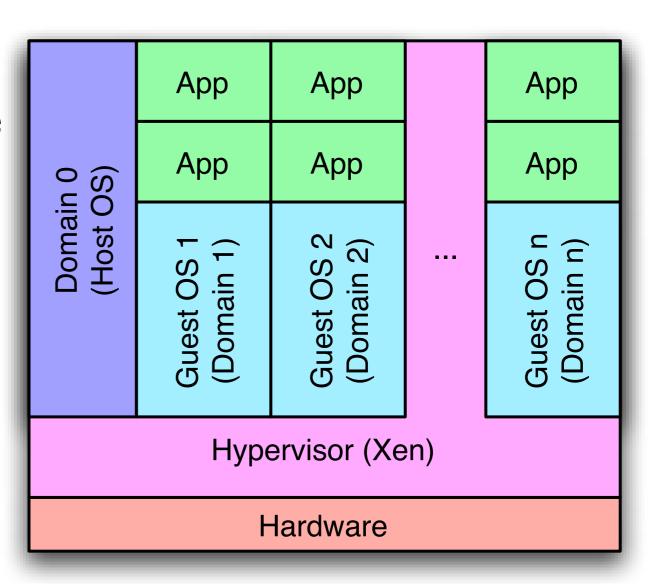
#### Microkernels



- Minimal services
  - policy versus mechanism
  - address spaces, control (threads), message passing
- Servers
  - trampoline

## Hypervisors

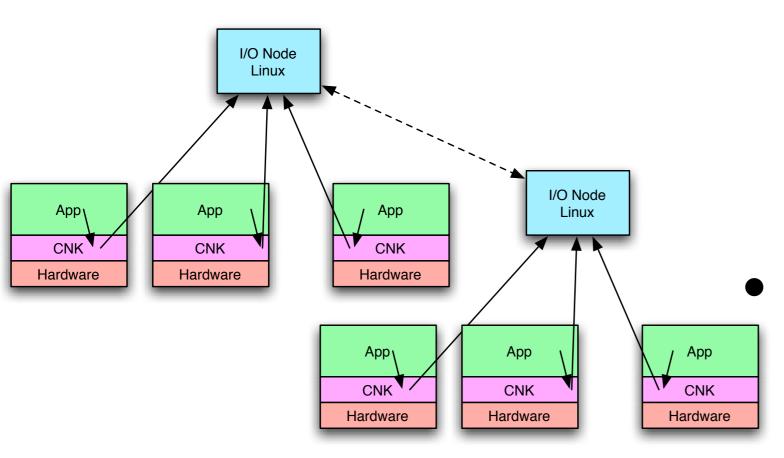
- Hypervisor virtualizes hardware
  - goal is to run multiple
     OSes
  - direct access to hardware is preferred
- Xen (para)virtualizes
   Processor, MMU, and
   basic I/O
  - Additional I/O virtualization done by Domain 0



# Lightweight Operating Systems

- Catamount
  - SUNMOS, Puma/Cougar
  - Catamount, Portals
- Blue Gene/L
  - Compute Node Kernel (CNK)
  - I/O Nodes (linux)

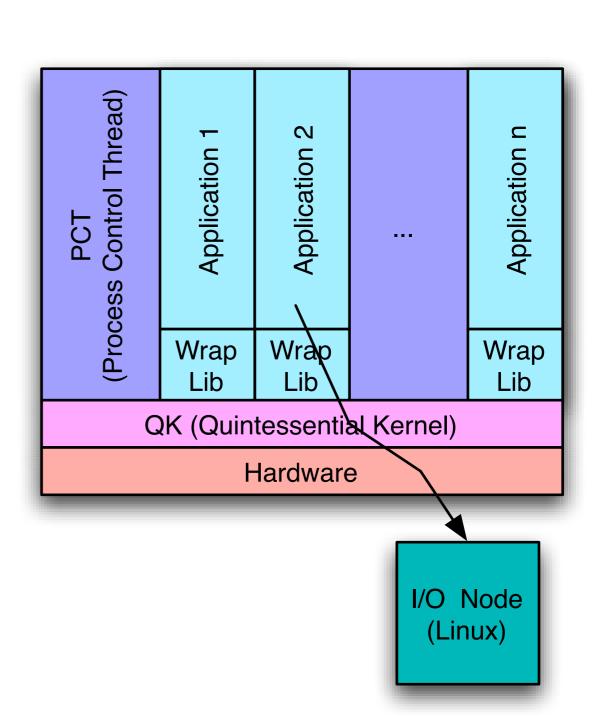
#### Blue Gene/L CNK



- I/O nodes
  - run Linux
  - have storage resources
  - separate I/O network
- Compute nodes
  - run lightweight kernel
  - high speed, partitionable network

#### Catamount

- QK mechanism
  - communication
  - address spaces
- PCT policy
  - finding servers
- Wrapper lib
  - wrapper for stdio calls
  - RPC to I/O node



Linux, the 800 Pound Penguin

 Imagine that you are a "small" computer company in the US

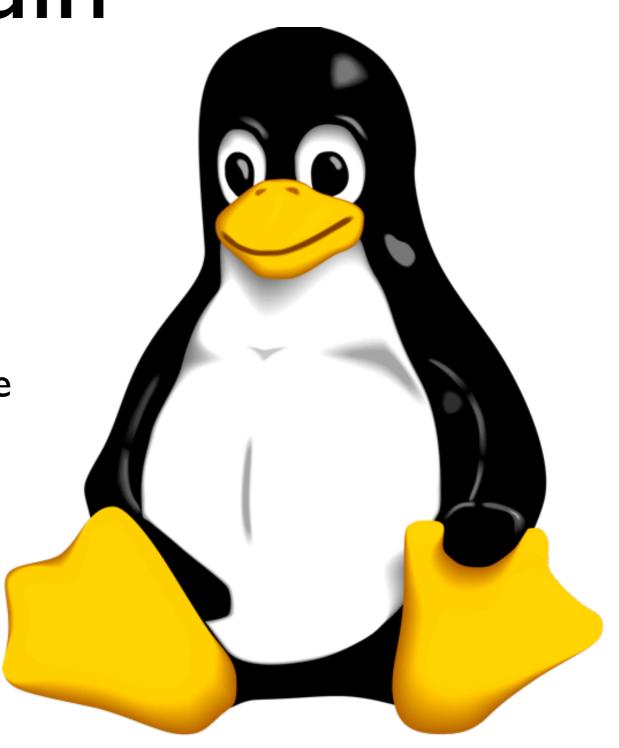
 One customer believes in lightweight OSes

Another demands Linux

 You can't afford to support the code bases for two OSes

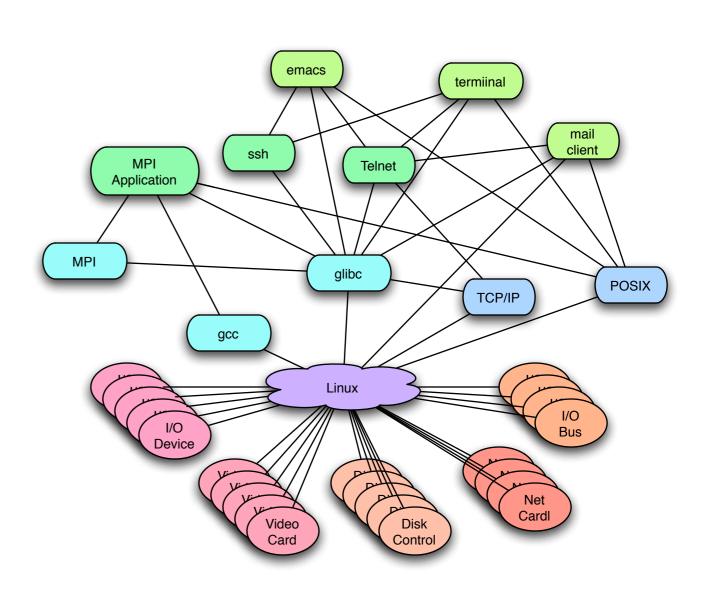
• What do you do?

• The world is waiting for your answer....

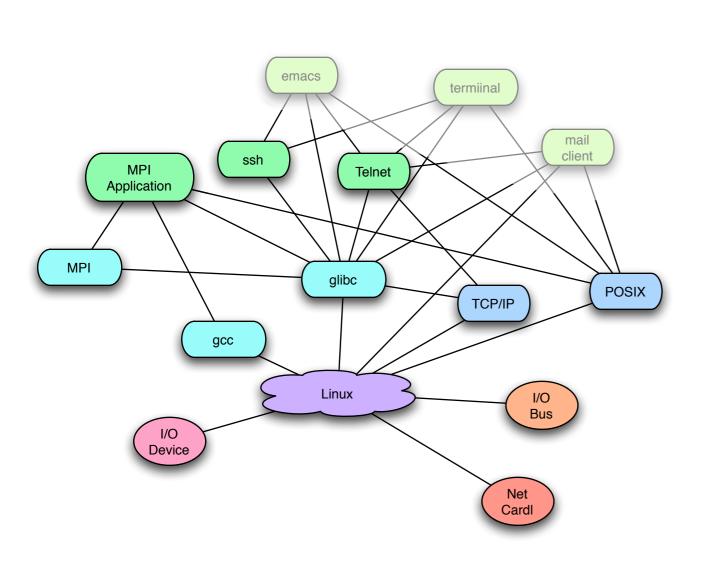


#### What does Linux do?

- Provides a wide range of services
  - libraries
  - development environment
  - work environment
- Works on a wide range of hardware
  - graphics cards
  - I/O buses
  - flaky stuff.....
- Hourglass design



## What does Linux do in HPC?



- Don't really have that many devices
  - No disks
  - none of it is flaky :)
- Must be the services
  - Probably not mail, emacs, or the terminal emulator....
  - "Real men read their mail on a Paragon"

## Lightweight Linux?



I'm busy planning to rule the world!



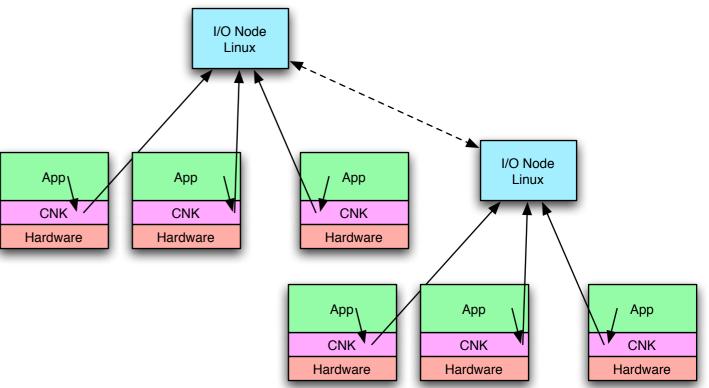
Well, good luck with that.

## Running Linux on BG/L

• Seems like a "no-brainer"

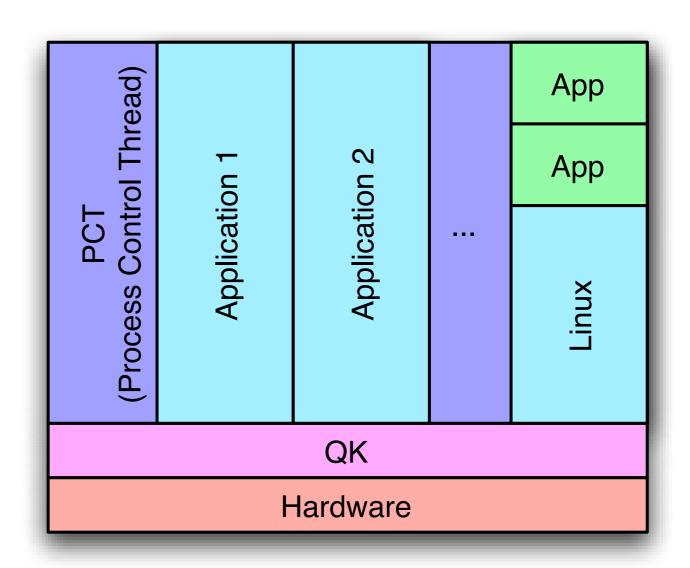
 some people will tell you that BG/L already runs Linux....

- It's not.....
  - "exec" is reasonable, but what does "fork" mean?
  - what is the right tradeoff for resources allocated to Linux?
  - Is that really Linux on the I/O nodes?



#### Linux on Catamount

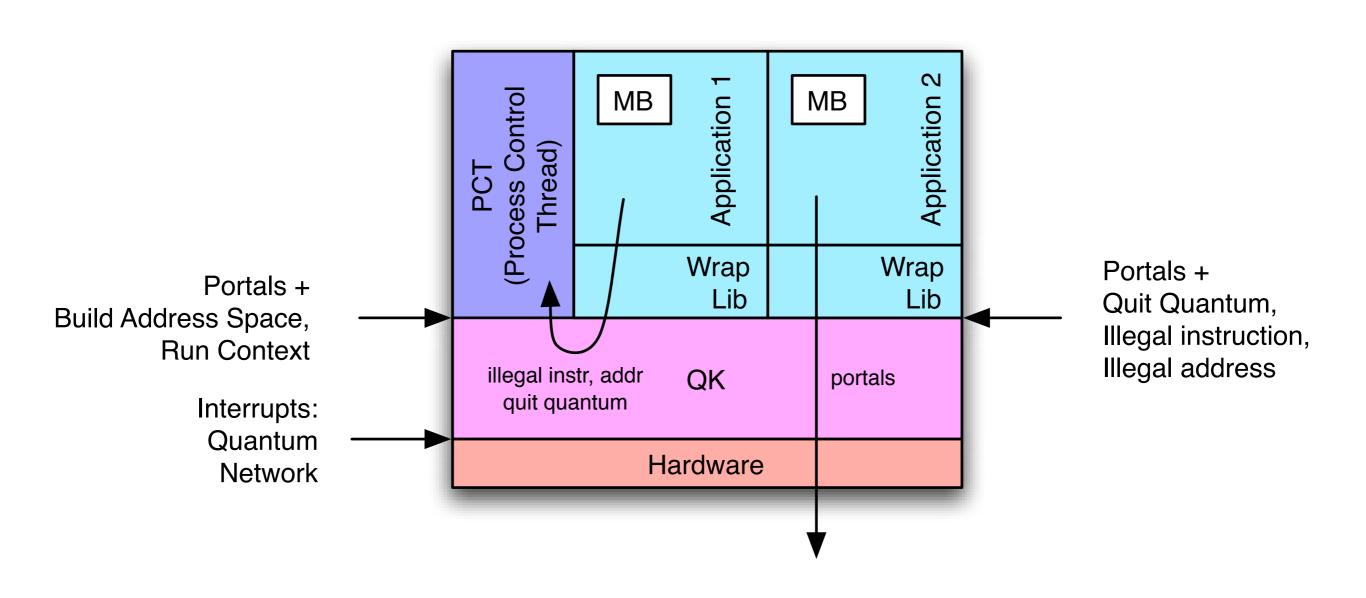
- Basic idea
  - QK == Xen
  - PCT == Dom 0
- QK virtualization
  - PCT builds address spaces
  - PCT can run contexts
  - Portals for network
- Use XenoLinux
  - emulate Xen hypercalls
  - no mod of XenoLinux



## Xen Hypercalls

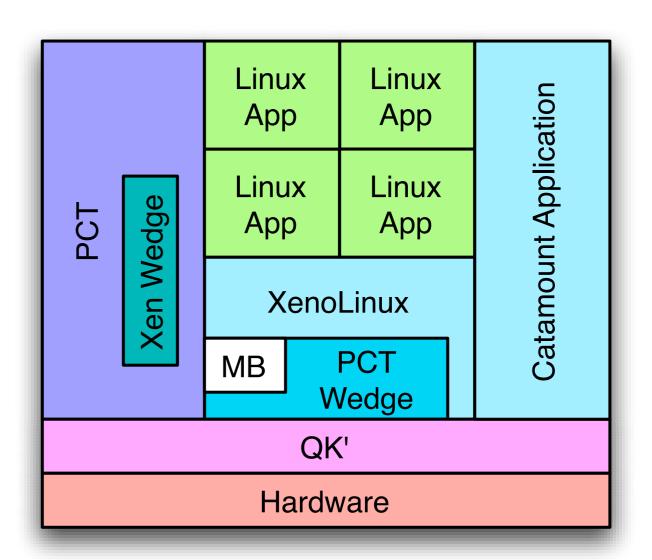
| Hypercall        | Meaning                             |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| set_callbacks    | normal and "failsafe" handlers      |
| sched_op_new     | yield, block, shutdown, poll        |
| mmu_update       | update page table entries           |
| stack_switch     | change the stack                    |
| fpu_taskswitch   | next use of FPU faults              |
| memory_op        | increase/decrease memory allocation |
| event_channel_op | inter-domain event-channel mgmt     |
| physdev_op       | BIOS Replacement                    |

#### Catamount Mechanisms

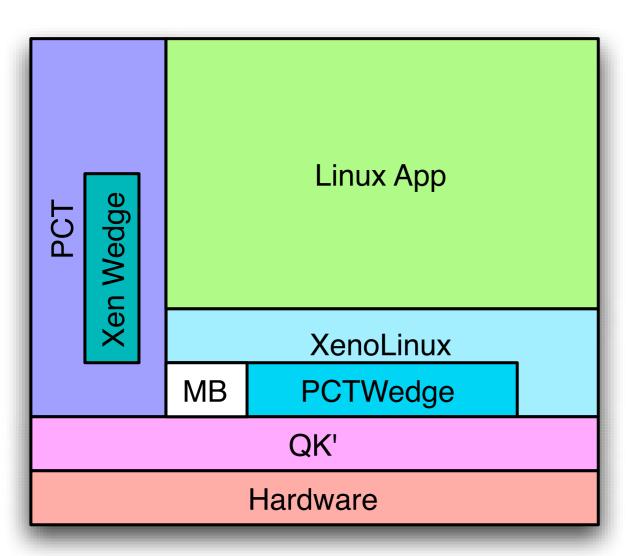


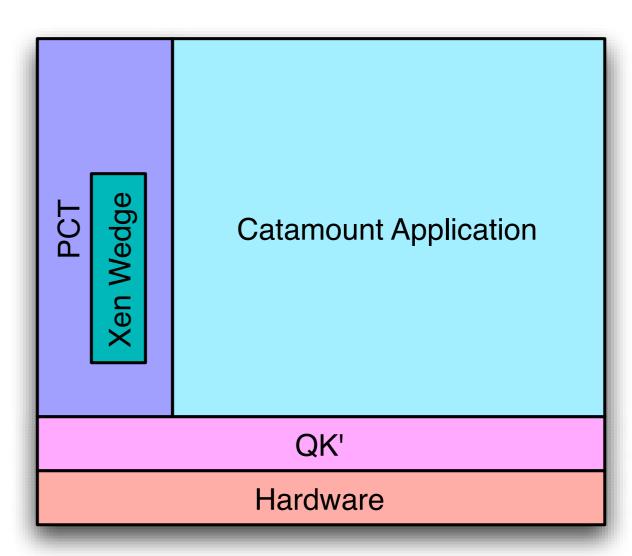
## A more realistic picture

- Start with XenoLinux
  - minimize modifications
  - build a wedge to provide QK interface
  - wedge could support page table construction
- Extend PCT and QK to support XenoLinux
  - minimize impact on Catamount applications
  - minimize changes to QK



## Space Sharing





Never forget that the real goal is to run a single application per node (multiple processes, multiple threads)

## Why Linux on Catamount?

- Linux is **not** free
  - Initial port and optimization
  - Linux evolves and requires updates
  - Does "lightweight" Linux exist?
- Catamount currently works and scales
  - not clear that Linux will scale
  - Catamount doesn't evolve:):)
- Use XenoLinux on Catamount
  - XenoLinux will evolve: evolve wedge, then PCT; QK only when necessary
  - Minimal number of supported code bases

#### FAST-OS

Forum to Address Scalable Technology for runtime and Operating Systems

## Projects

|                | Activity   |  |
|----------------|--|--|
| Colony         | Virtualization on minimal Linux with SSI services          |  |
| Config         | Combine micro services to build app specific OS            |  |
| DAiSES         | Adaptation of OS based on Kperfmon & Kerninst              |  |
| K42            | Enhance applicability of K42 for HEC OS research           |  |
| MOLAR          | Modules to config and adapt Linux + RAS & fSM              |  |
| Peta-Scale SSI | Intersection of big (SMP) and small (node) kernels         |  |
| Right-Weight   | Build application specific Linux/Plan 9 kernels            |  |
| Scalable FT    | Implicit, explicit, incremental checkpointing & resilience |  |
| SmartApps      | Vertical integration between SmartApps and K42             |  |
| ZeptoOS        | Ultralight Linux, collective runtime, measure & FT         |  |

#### FAS

| ST-OS          | Virtualization | Adaptability | Usage Models | Metrics | Fault Handling | Common API | ISS | Collective RT | 0/1 | OS Noise |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------|----------------|------------|-----|---------------|-----|----------|
| Colony         | Н              |              | М            |         | Н              | М          | Н   |               | М   | Н        |
| ConfigOS       | Η              | M            | Н            |         |                |            |     | Μ             | М   | M        |
| DAiSES         |                | Ι            |              | Ι       |                | Σ          |     |               |     |          |
| K42            |                | Н            |              | Н       |                | Η          | М   |               |     | M        |
| MOLAR          |                | Ι            | Ή            | Ι       | Ι              |            |     | Σ             |     | M        |
| Peta-Scale SSI |                |              | Н            |         | Н              |            | Η   |               | Н   | Н        |
| Rightweight    |                | М            |              | Н       |                |            | М   |               | М   | Н        |
| Scalable FT    |                |              |              |         | Н              |            |     | M             | Н   | M        |
| SmartApps      | М              | Н            |              | Н       |                | Μ          |     |               |     |          |
| ZeptoOS        |                |              | Н            | Н       | Н              |            |     | Н             |     | Н        |

ndling

| Н | High   |  |
|---|--------|--|
| Σ | Medium |  |













#### Partners

|              | Lead      | Academic          | Industrial          |
|--------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Colony       | LLNL      | UIUC              | IBM                 |
| Config       | SNL       | UNM, Caltech      |                     |
| DAiSES       | UTEP      | Wisconsin         | IBM                 |
| K42          | LBNL      | Toronto, UNM      | IBM                 |
| MOLAR        | ORNL      | LaTech, OSU, NCSU | Cray                |
| SSI          | ORNL      | Rice              | HP, CFS, SGI, Intel |
| Right-Weight | LANL      |                   | Bell Labs           |
| Scalable FT  | PNNL      | LANL, UIUC        | Quadrics, Intel     |
| SmartApps    | Texas A&M | LLNL              | IBM                 |
| ZeptoOS      | ANL       | Oregon            |                     |

#### FAST-OS

- Pl meeting/workshop (open meeting)
  - with USENIX in Boston, May 30 & 31
- http://www.cs.unm.edu/~fastos
- Most recent issue of ACM OSR

"Linux's cleverness is not in the software, but in the development model"

Rob Pike, "Systems Software Research is Irrelevant," 2/2000