

High-Performance Remote File I/O for the XT3

Nathan Stone
Pittsburgh Supercomputing Center
a.k.a. *PITTSC*

Explicit User Demand (!)

- The Woodward collaboration (umn.edu) "killer app"
 - Piecewise Parabolic Method ("PPM")
 - Compressible <u>turbulent</u> fluid dynamics
 - Real-time visualization (or playback)
 - Interactive control (game controllers at SCl05) and steering
 - But it was missing *one* piece...
- Needed: "PDIO"
 - Real-time remote file delivery
 - For interactive visualization
 - High-performance (100 MByte/sec)
 - For interactive <u>timescales</u>



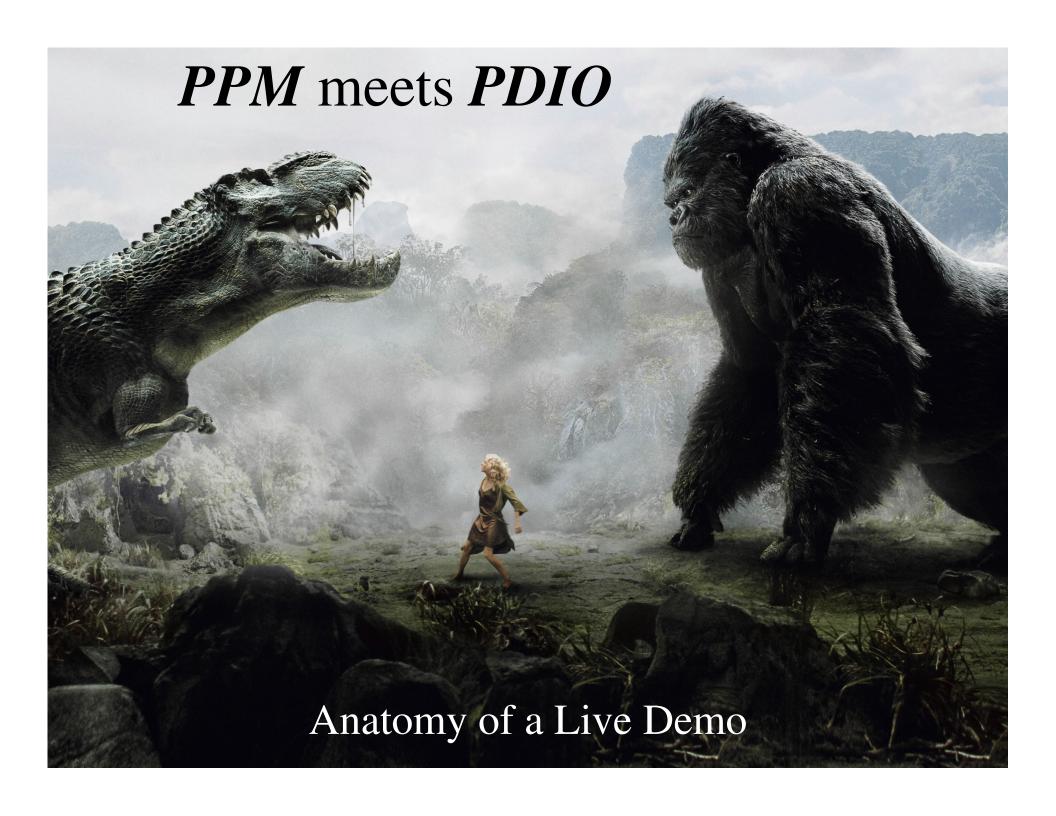
BigBen's Relevant Characteristics

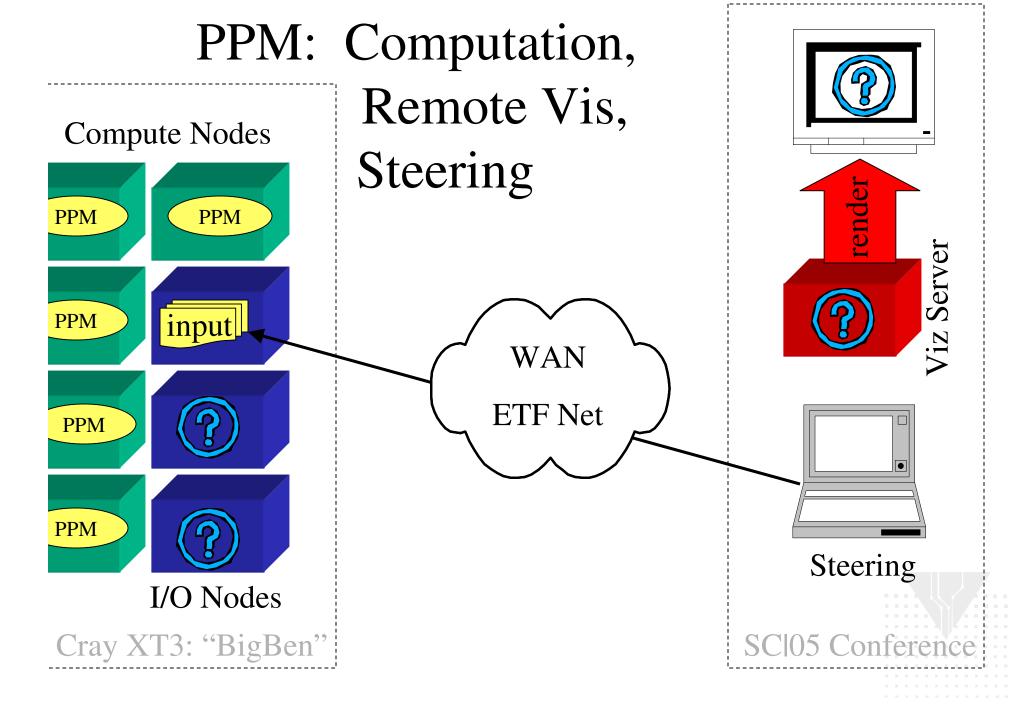
Compute Nodes (2068)

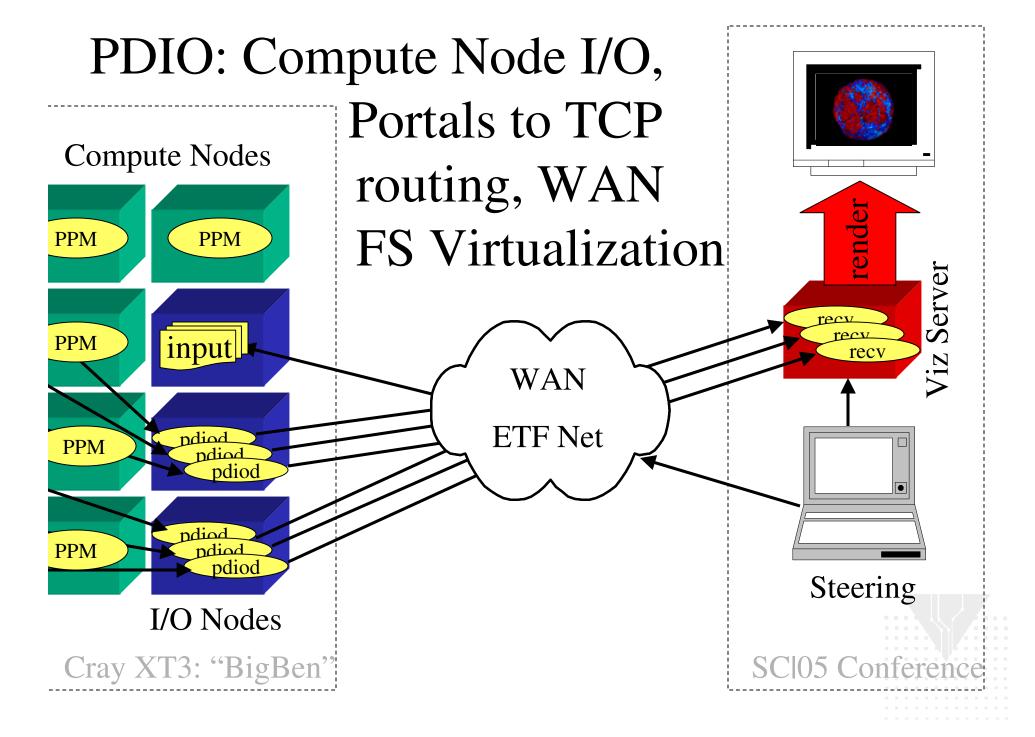
- Catamount (QK) microkernel
 - No fork/thread
- No external connectivity (nor IP stack)
- All IPC is over Portals
- Presents a problem for getting in-memory data directly to remote hosts

Service & I/O Nodes (22)

- Full Linux OS
- Portals/Seastar internal net
- 10/GigE external net (26 Gbit/sec)
- Connected to TeraGrid, Abilene/I2, commodity...
- Ideal place for data routing







Prototype Results

Functionality

- Demonstrated live at three different int'l conference venues (and two labs)
- No PDIO failures after alpha deployment

Performance

- First Results: Maxed out the LCSE's link at 40 MByte/sec
- Delivered >125 MByte/sec to the SCl05 show floor (10GigE)
- Sustained 25 MByte/sec for 90 minutes
 - User-limited to avoid filling remote disk

• Interface

- Fixed API (e.g. pdio_write), required 35 lines of code mods
- Individual writes constrained to unique files

Recap: Prototype Design Goals

Seamless remote file delivery



- As *files*, for post-processing
 - Target was remote FS, not process (socket, memory, etc.)
- Via "normal" write() mechanisms
 - Look like local writes: for testing, compatibility O/A
- High performance
 - ->100 MByte/sec (for interactive feedback)
- Arbitrary destinations
 - Portable remote receiver (never know where...)
 - Build/install suitable to "research admins"
 - People who don't read GQ (Globus Quarterly)

Prototype Implementation Details

- Portals-to-TCP routing
 - Heterogenous Portals (QK-Linux), a la Lustre & YOD
 - Daemons aggregate incoming portals data streams (many-to-1) into outgoing TCP streams
- Explicit Parallelism
 - Configurable # of daemons (on SIO nodes)
 - Distributed across multiple 10GigE-connected Service & I/O (SIO) nodes
 - Corresponding # of TCP streams (over the WAN)
 - one per daemon/target recvr pair
 - Parallel TCP recvrs (on remote hosts)
 - Supports a variable/dynamic number of connections

Prototype Implementation Details

- Inherent flow-control feedback to application
 - Aggregation protocol allows TCP transmission or remote FS to <u>throttle the data streams</u> coming out of the application
 - just like a local FS
 - "That's not a bug, that's a feature."
- Multi-threaded ring buffer in the PDIO daemon
 - Allows computation/Portals receiver/TCP sender to proceed asynchronously

Toward a General Solution

- Although it worked for Woodward... we still weren't satisfied
 - Users 2-N are coming... (e.g. Δ src, 1 wr-1f, wronly)

Top three priorities:

- 1. Transparent invocation
- 2. File semantics
- 3. Resource management
- 4. (Read)

Revised Design: 1-Invocation

- Transparent invocation (eliminate explicit API)
 - Invoked via intercept library (open, write, close)
 - Now: No changes to source code!
- ➤ But how? (the <u>Challenges</u>)
 - Catamount: all static linking
 - So: no dynamic linking
 - libsysio explicitly reimplemented the standard functions
 - so: no weak linking, and no reimplementing,
 - new libsysio protocol requires changing QK src (as of XT3)
 - lose PDIO portability AND system support
 - Used replacement macros (in high-level codes): #define open pdio_open
 - Requires one addition to compile/link lines (but *NOT* src)

Revised Design: 2-File Semantics

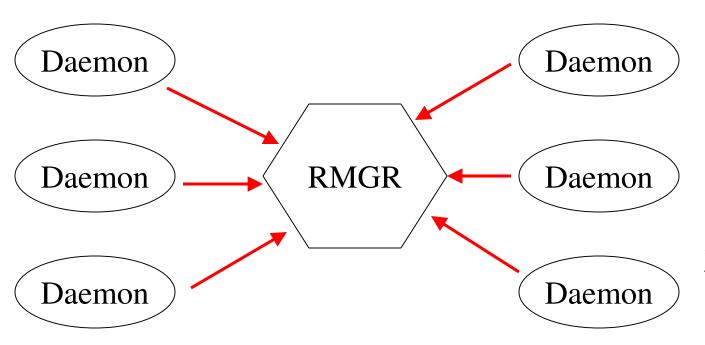
- Support for general file access patterns
 - Previous constraint was "one write-one file"
 - Now: Multiple writes, parallel/concurrent access, lseek, etc.
 - Store and check all FDs explicitly at each function invocation
 - Open an empty shadow file in /__incore to get a valid, unique FD
 - Pass invocations on PDIO FDs to the Client Library
 - Each operation results in either metadata modification or bulk data (with MD) transmission

Revised Design: 3-Resource Mgmt.

- For the Prototype:
 - Required explicit launch of daemon(s) by the user
 - Required user to have access to "routing" I/O node
 - No limits on user largess
 - Many sites: disallowed for security reasons
 - Remember: It was all about function...
- In the Revised Design:
 - Single "Mother Hen" daemon launched at boot
 - MH dynamically launches/manages a pool of routing daemons
 - Daemons register presence (and function?) with RMGR
 - Presence is determined by persistent TCP socket connection
 - RMGR dynamically allocates daemons to jobs (agents) upon request

Connections

Persistent TCP sockets

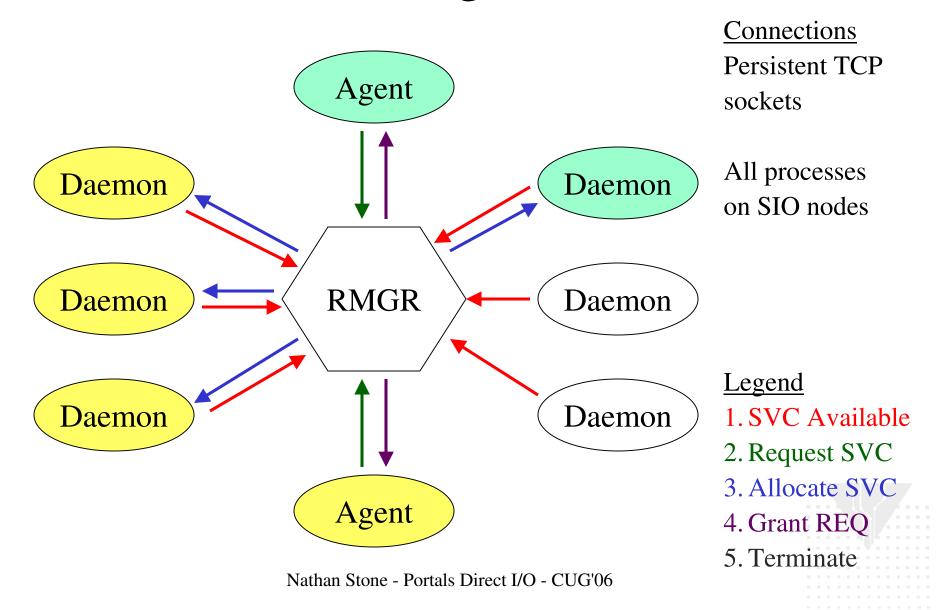


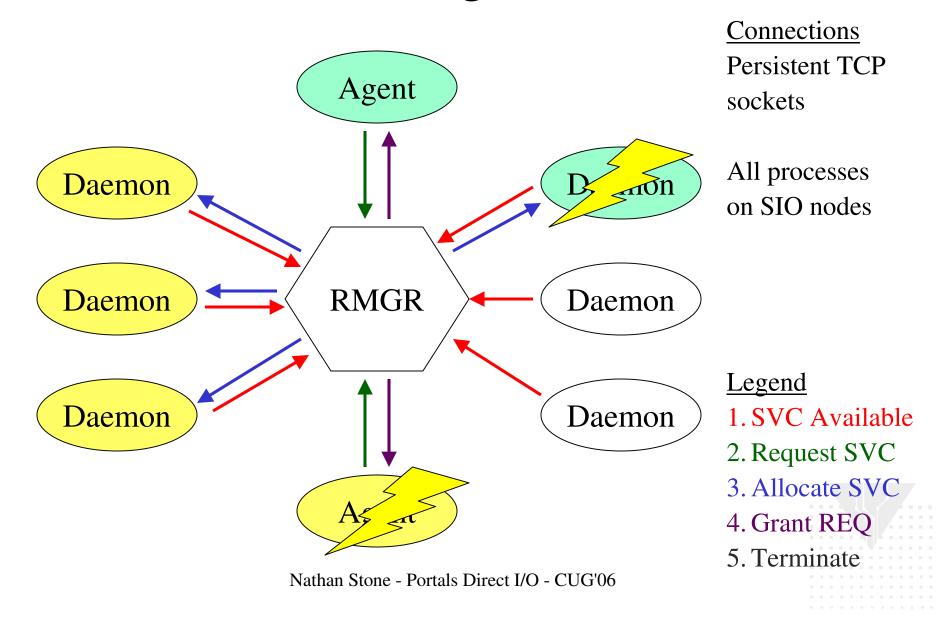
All processes on SIO nodes

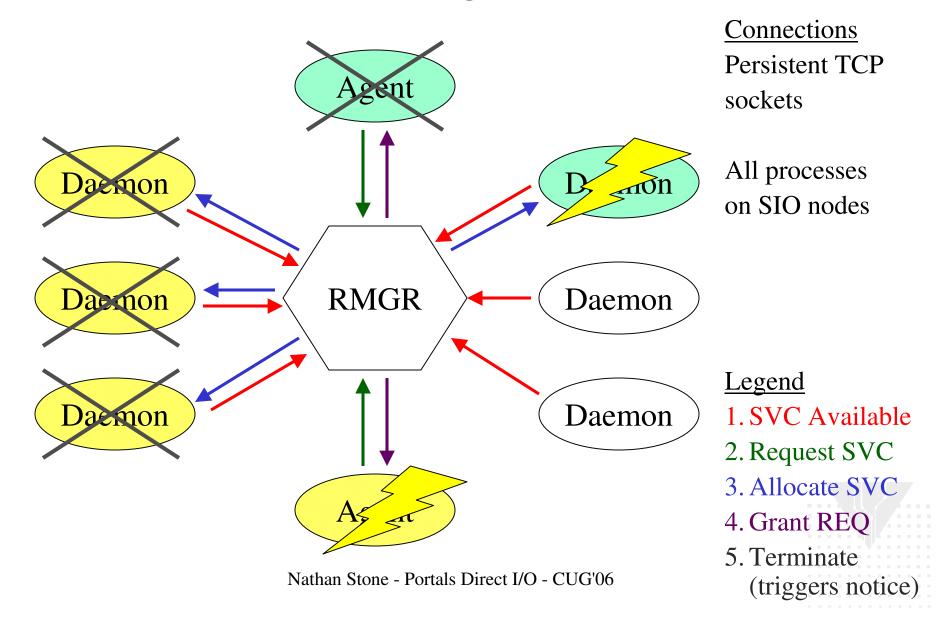
Legend

- 1. SVC Available
- 2. Request SVC
- 3. Allocate SVC
- 4. Grant REQ
- 5. Terminate

Nathan Stone - Portals Direct I/O - CUG'06







Revised Design: Others...

- Performance and robustness enhancements
 - Prototype had some tuned timeouts
 - Now: Using Portals NULL-ACK (truncated match)
- Dynamically configurable
 - Now: User/administrator config param.
 - By config files or CMD line (in case of agent)
- Enhanced back-channel communication
 - Now: All remote error messages back to the client,
 not just for performance...

Current Development Status

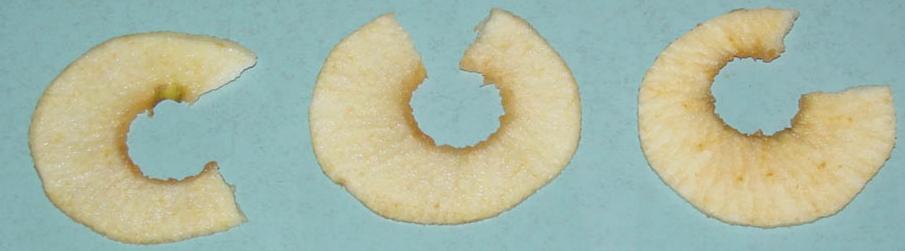
- Completed:
 - Client Library
 - Resource Management
 - Revised Portals IPC
- In-Progress:
 - Portals Client-Daemon protocol
 - TCP Daemon-Recvr protocol

Future Status (?)

- Finish the revised (beta) release (Q3'06)
- Add read()
 - PSC Strategy: Consider our (current) users
 - Do what is necessary, quickly, and no more
- Consider replacing WAN-TCP with other more secure protocols (*e.g.* Globus XIO)
 - Currently: Grid application w/o "grid" software
 - Could complicate aggregation/parallelization...
- Consider using PDIO on other platforms?
 - Any compute node running Portals
 - NALs exist for: Seastar, Myrinet, ELAN/Linux, IP



<stone@psc.edu>



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Whitepapers for ongoing work at PSC

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