



Design and Implementation of a Portals Collective Communication Library

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Cray User Group Meeting May 10, 2007









Outline

- Motivation
- Implementation
- Initial performance results
- Future work









Motivation

- High-performance, scalable collectives for Red Storm
- Need collectives for more than just MPI
 - SHMEM
 - ARMCI
 - Open MPI
- Extending the Portals API for native collectives
 - Collective communication at the network level
 - Building blocks versus complete functionality
- Research several areas
 - Topology/route-aware collectives
 - Non-blocking collectives
 - One-sided collective operations
- Provide a mechanism for collective communication research









Approach

- Start with Puma collective library from ASCI Red
 - Based on InterComm library from van de Geijn
- Port from Portals 2.0 to Portals 3.3









Goals

- Implement asynchronous collective calls
- Allow for arbitrary groups of possibly independent processes
- Minimize use of tuning parameters that affect robustness
- Match or exceed performance and scalability of existing collective implementations









Algorithms

- All algorithms based on a minimum spanning tree
- Broadcast recursively halves network
 - Reduce uses inverse operation
- Scatter recursively halves network and data
 - Gather uses inverse operation
- Barrier interleaves 0-length reduce and broadcast operations
- Allows for implementing Allreduce and Allgather with the same message pattern
 - Scaling will likely be sub-optimal for larger messages









Protocols

- Each rank
 - Keeps a receive heap per group dedicated to eager sends
 - Conservatively tracks peers' eager send heap use
 - Uses eager send for any message for which peer has sufficient send heap space
 - Can use both eager and rendezvous in the same collective
- Some sequences operations have send-only or receive-only ranks
 - May race ahead and deplete resources
 - We detect such sequences and limit periodically by forcing a rendezvous operation
 - Largely a micro-benchmark issue









Implementation

- Single Portal event queue for all operations for all groups
- Eager send heap is double-buffered
- Role of each message completely encoded in match bits
- Each operation creates a state object to track progress
- Asynchronous operations
 - Return handle identifying state object that is used to poll for completion
 - Currently have to poll in order to make progress







Lifetime of a Collective Operation

- Create a state object
 - Compute list of messages
 - Assign eager/rendezvous protocol to each message
- Process messages
 - Send
 - If eager, do send
 - If rendezvous, poll event queue until RTR arrives
 - Receive
 - If eager, poll event queue for message
 - if rendezvous, send RTR to peer, then poll event queue
 - Perform reduce operation if necessary
- If asynchronous, return whenever event queue is empty
- Cache events not related to current operation









Current Status

- Implemented Barrier, Bcast, Gather, Scatter, Allgather
- Implemented subset of Reduce and Allreduce
 - Restricted to long integers and MIN and MAX operations
- Integrated into Open MPI
 - Limited to contiguous datatypes
 - Sometimes assumes significant-at-root-only arguments are significant everywhere
 - Doesn't support MPI_IN_PLACE yet
- Tested on 128-node Red Storm development cage









Performance Results

Red Storm development cage

- 2.0 GHz AMD Opteron
- SeaStar 1.2
- Intel MPI Benchmark (IMB) Suite
- MPI implementations
 - Cray MPICH2
 - MPICH 1.2.6
 - Open MPI
 - Portals PM matching in MPI
 - Portals CM matching in Portals
 - Basic and tuned collectives







































Reduce-128



















Future Work

- Lots 🙂
- Start optimizing
 - Eliminate startup costs
 - Avoid memory copies
 - Evaluate eager/rendezvous strategy
 - Make better use of Portals semantics
 - Alternative algorithms for large messages
 - Topology/routing optimizations
- Analysis using real applications



