



Outline

Introduction

- Why is Troubleshooting so Frustrating?
- Why Reverse Debugging?
- Record and Replay

TotalView Debugger

- Usability and Interface Concepts
- Visualization and Scalability
- Status and Projects

The Reverse Debugging Add-on Module

- Architecture
- Usage Model
- Future Directions
- Conclusions
 - Feedback on Reverse Debugging
 - Early Experience Program



Thoughts about Troubleshooting

- Why is it so unpleasant?
- Separation between error and result
 - Crashing, running slow, giving bad results just a symptom
 - What is the root cause?

Time's arrow

- Working backwards from effect to cause
- Detective work, based on clues and deduction
- Cyclic process
 - Run it again and watch how it got into that state
 - Is the problem easy to reproduce?
 - Is it easy to get to the point you want to be in the program?
- Where is the effort and attention?
 - Reproducing the error
 - Tedious
 - Distracting
 - Actually solving the error
 - Satisfying



Why Reverse Debugging?

That's the direction you need to go

- From the effect
- To the cause

Drastically reduces the effort

- No need to run over again from the beginning
 - Carefully providing input
 - Controlling concurrency

Lets you focus

- Less distraction
- No chance that you'll miss something and not be able to get it back
 - Race conditions



Record and Replay

• Full history of process available for review

Capture execution history

- Record all external input
 - Reading from files, network
 - Time()
- Record "other" sources of non-determinism
 - Thread context switches
- Replay execution
 - Simulate the execution along exactly the same trajectory
 - Can 'reset' to any point along the path already taken

Everything is managed by the tool

- The user just says where they want to go
 - Back one line
- There is some overhead
 - Lots of clever tricks to reduce overhead



TotalView Source Code Debugger

- C, C++, Fortran 77, Fortran90, UPC
 - Complex language features
- Wide Compiler and Platform
 Support
 - Supports Cray XT3/4
 - Catamount and CNL
 - Catamount licenses can be migrated (no charge), contact TotalView Technologies
 - Supports Cray X1 and X2
 - Supports many other platforms
- Parallel & Multi-threaded Debugging
 - MPI, UPC
 - OpenMP
- Memory Debugging Capabilities
 - Integrated into the debugger
- Powerful and Easy GUI
- Visualization
- CLI for Scripting

fork loom inu File Edit View Process Thread Group Action Point Tools Help Window 3 **V** thirds Kill Restart Next Step Out Run To Go Halt Process 1: fork_loopLinux (Stopped) Thread 1 (Stopped) Stack Trace Stack Frame select, FP=bfffeaa8 🔼 Function "snore" [C++] wait_a_while 0x00000000 FP=hfffeaa8 arg: Block "Sb1#Sb2 [C++] snore, FP=bfffeae8 C++ forker, (struct timeval) FP=hfffeh68 timeout: Block "\$b1" C++ fork_wrapper, FP=bfffebd8 0×0000000 (0) C++1 main. FP=hfffec08 me Function snore in fork_loop.cxx 647 foo = (int *)bad addr. 648 bar = *foo; 649 *foo = bar + 1; 650 651 652 653 654 for (;;) struct timeval timeout; --> 656 wait a while (&timeout); printf ("Thread %ld woke up in Snore()\n", (long)(pthread_self if (use_mut) if (verbose) 657 Action Points Processes Threads P- P+ T- T+ 18 57 69 108120 129 159 180 195 210 240 243

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Usability and Productivity

Most used operations should be clear

- Conform to basic expectations
- Consistency

• Attention to users and use cases

- Support to overcome unexpected challenges
 - If it doesn't work then the user is not going to be productive
- Focus on things that improve productivity
 - Collaboration
 - Visualization

Depth of functionality

- Extensibility, script-ability
- Scalability
 - Time to perform operations
 - Presentation of information
 - Many input parameters beyond 'N'





Interface Concepts

Root Window

- State of all processes being debugged
- Process Window
 - Detailed state of a single process
 - Thread within a process
 - Point of control
 - Control the process and possibly other related processes



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Visualizing Program Data and State





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The Scalability of TotalView Debugger

- Techniques for using TotalView at scale, e.g.
 - Subset attach, message queue display, cycle detection, call graph, view data across processes and threads, sorting on the root window, etc.

Current scalability (tested and verified)

- Debug one to thousands of processes regularly
- Almost all operations at 2,000 take less than a few seconds
- Higher scale, depending on the system and application
 - Cray XT: up to 6,000 processes
 - Linux cluster: up to 6,000 processes
 - Blue Gene: up to 32,000 processes

Actively working on performance and scalability

- Improvements come from rigorous profiling and timing

• Systematic measurement of TotalView's performance

- Taking an objective, systematic approach to characterizing and measuring TotalView's performance at scale
- Performance regression testing at scale
- Scalability Partnership Program
 - Ask TotalView Technologies





Recent and Current

• TotalView 8.4 and MemoryScape 2.2

- IPv6 support
- Lightweight memory corefile debugging
 - For very large scale memory debugging
- Scalability improvements
- Cray XT
 - Recent Scalability improvements
 - Parallel Launch
 - Variable Viewing
 - CNL memory support (new)
 - Subset attach on Cray XT CNL (coming soon)
- Other platform news
 - BlueGene / P platform support
 - Currently available
 - Threads and libraries should be ready for test soon
 - Linux-Cell platform support
 - Currently available for testing



Product Plans

TotalView Debugger

- Fall release
 - More scalability improvements
 - Long distance remote debugging
 - Easier session setup
 - Faster graphics performance
 - Batch debugging script framework

Reverse Debugging Add-on

- Fall release
 - Step backwards from crashes
 - Support for x86 and x86-64 Linux



Reverse Debugging Add-on Module

• What is it?

- A separately licensed add-on to TotalView Debugger
- Based on "record and deterministic replay"
- Provides users with the ability to review any part of the program execution from the beginning of the run to the current time
- Similar to adding a rewind button on a DVR
- There is some overhead
- Initial support for Linux-x86 32-bit and 64-bit only

• What will it provide?

- Simplification of troubleshooting process
 - No need to do many restarts and drive the application forward
- Determinism within a debugging session
- Provides access to the whole program execution sequence rather than just a single "slice" in time



Reverse Debugging Architecture

• Debugger

- New concepts
 - Execution time-like metric
 - "Record mode" vs. "replay mode"
 - Some operations can't be allowed during replay
- New commands
 - Backwards stepping
 - Jumping into history
 - Returning to "live"

Instrumentation Library

- Preloaded by the debugger
 - Into the target program
- Handles
 - Recording program state
 - Replaying program state
- Overhead
 - Execution time
 - Memory usage
 - Writes some data out to a file



Enabling Reverse Debugging

Enable before starting the program

- A checkbox on the new program dialog box
- Command line flag
 - totalview -reverse_debugging
- No recompilation or instrumentation step
- No reason users can't do it with optimized code
- Enables the backwards stepping buttons in the GUI

	New Program
Start a new process Attach to process Open a core file	Program Arguments Standard I/O Parallel Program: [
ОК	Cancel



Reverse Stepping



Next Backwards "Prev"

- Goes over functions
- Users can step back around a loop
- Users can step back out of functions
 - Even main() ... you end up in the runtime loader.

Step Backwards "UnStep"

- Goes into functions
- Out Backwards "Caller"
 - Returns to caller -- before the call was made



Working with History



• Run to Backwards "Back To"

- Select a line in the source
- Runs to most recent time that line was executed
 - More complex with multi-addressed lines as in templates

Return to Live "Live"

- Returns to the "current" time and to record mode

Random Access

- CLI only
- Query to get current point in execution history
 - A numeric value
- Run to any point in execution history



Feedback

• How does reverse debugging sound?

• Do you need/want it on the Cray XT series?

Please feel free to talk to me after the session

- Or via email: Chris.Gottbrath@totalviewtech.com
- We are taking names for the beta program!



Early Experience Program

• Early view and input into product development

- Use cases
- Usability feedback
- Detailed product direction input

Four Tracks

- TracePoint Data Centric Debugger
 - Should this be a stand alone tool?
- Reverse Debugging
 - How to represent time in the GUI?
- TAU Performance Tool Integration
 - Most important use cases?
- Advanced Workbench
 - What else should we integrate?



TOTALVIEW

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End of Presentation

Thanks!

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