

External Services on the NERSC Hopper System

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NERSC is the Production Facility for DOE Office of Science

NERSC serves a large population

- Approximately 3000 users,
- 400 projects, 500 code instances

Focus on

- Expert consulting and other services
- High end computing systems
- Global storage systems
- Interface to high speed networking

Science-driven

- Machine procured competitively using application benchmarks from DOE/SC
- Allocations controlled by DOE/SC Program
 Offices to couple with funding decisions









NERSC Systems for Science

Large-Scale Computing System

Franklin (NERSC-5): Cray XT4

- 9,532 compute nodes; 38,128 cores
- ~25 Tflop/s on applications; 356 Tflop/s peak
- Hopper (NERSC-6): Cray XT
- Phase 1: Cray XT5, 668 nodes, 5344 cores
- Phase 2: > 1 Pflop/s peak (late 2010 delivery)





Cloud testbed

• IBM iDataplex cluster





HPSS Archival Storage

- 59 PB capacity
- 11 Tape libraries
- 140 TB disk cache



Analytics /

Visualization

- Euclid large memory machine (512 **GB** shared
 - memory
- GPU testbed ~40 nodes





Hopper System

Phase 1 - XT5

- 668 nodes, 5,344 cores
- 2.4 GHz AMD Opteron (Shanghai, 4-core)
- 50 Tflop/s peak
- 5 Tflop/s SSP
- 11 TB DDR2 memory total
- Seastar2+ Interconnect
- 2 PB disk, 25 GB/s
- Air cooled

Phase 2

- ~6400 nodes, ~150,000 cores
- 1.9+ GHz AMD Opteron (Magny-Cours, 12-core)
- ~1.0 Pflop/s peak
- ~100 Tflop/s SSP
- ~200 TB DDR3 memory total
- Gemini Interconnect
- 2 PB disk, ~70 GB/s
- Liquid cooled









Feedback from NERSC Users was crucial to designing Hopper

User Feedback from Franklin

Hoppper Enhancement

Login nodes need more memory

Connect NERSC Global FileSystem to compute nodes

Workflow models are limited by memory on MOM (host) nodes

8 external login nodes with 128 GB of memory (with swap space)

Global file system will be available to compute nodes

Increased # and amount of memory on MOM nodes
Phase II compute nodes can be repartitioned as MOM nodes







Feedback from NERSC users was crucial to designing Hopper

User Feedback from Franklin

Improve Stability and Reliability

Hopper Enhancement

•External login nodes will allow users to login, compile and submit jobs even when computational portion of the machine is down

•External file system will allow users to access files if the compute system is unavailable and will also give administrators more flexibility during system maintenances

•For Phase 2, Gemini interconnect has redundancy and adaptive routing.







Hopper Phase 1 - Key Dates

- Phase 1 system arrives
- Integration complete
- Earliest users on system
- All user accounts enabled
- System Accepted
- Account charging begins

Oct 12, 2009

Nov 18, 2009

- Nov 18, 2009
- **Dec 15, 2009**
- Feb 2, 2010

Mar 01, 2010







Hopper Installation



Delivery



Unwrap

Install



8







System Configuration

Nodes	Chip	Freq	Memory
664 Compute	2 x Opteron QC	2.4 GHz	16 GB
36 (10 DVS + 24 Lustre + 2 Network)	1 x Opteron DC	2.6 GHz	8 GB
4 Service	1 x Opteron DC	2.6 GHz	8 GB
12 DVS (Shared root)	2 x Opteron QC	2.4 GHz	16 GB
6 MOM	1 x Opteron DC	2.6 GHz	8 GB







ES System Configuration

Nodes	Sever	Chip	Freq	Memory
8 Login	Dell R905	4 x Opteron QC	2.4 GHz	128 GB
48 OSS + 3 MDS	Dell R805	4 x Opteron QC	2.6 GHz	16 GB
4 DM	Dell R805	4 x Opteron QC	2.6 GHz	16 GB
MS	Dell R710	4 x Xeon QC	2.67 GHz	48 GB

- 24 LSI 7900 controllers
- 120TB configured as 12 RAID6 LUNs per controller







esLogin

• Goals

- Ability to run post-processing and other small applications directly on login nodes without interfering with other users
- Faster compilations
- Ability to access data and submit jobs if system goes down

Challenges

- New for Cray; one of first sites
- Creating a consistent environment between external and internal nodes
- Configuring batch environment with external login nodes
- Provisioning and configuration management

Solutions

- Cray packaged software updates both internal and external nodes
- Run local batch servers transparently
- Configuration management software, e.g. SystemImager

Results

- Users report more responsive login nodes
- "The login nodes are much more responsive, I haven't had any of the issues I had with Franklin in the early days." Martin White
- No complete cluster mgt system yet







esFS

• Goals

- Highly available filesystem
- Ability to access data when system is unavailable

Challenges

- Different support model
- Oracle-supported Lustre
 1.8 GA server, Craysupported 1.6 clients
- Automatic failover, assuring that if one OSS or MDS fails the spare picks up
- Provisioning and configuration management

Solutions

- With *manual* failover, servers can be updated via a rolling upgrade reducing downtime
- Configuration management software, e.g. SystemImager

Results

- Users report a stable reliable system
- "I have had no problems compiling etc, and my jobs have had a very high success rate." Andrew Aspen
- No complete cluster mgt system yet
- No automatic failover yet

rrrrr



14



esDM

- Goals
 - Offload traffic to/from mass storage system from login nodes
- Challenges
 - Consistent user interface to mass storage system
- Solutions
 - Client modified for third-party transfers
- Results
 - Expect main benefits for Phase 2
 - Porting client to internal login nodes







Data and Batch Access

- Prepare and submit jobs when XT down
 - Compile applications and prepare input
 - Local Torque servers on login nodes provide routing queues
 - Holds jobs while XT is down
 - Jobs forwarded to internal XT Torque server when XT available
 - Batch command wrappers hide complexity of multiple servers and ensure consistent view



/project file system system

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systems



Data and Batch Access

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Summary

Benefits

- Improved reliability and usability
- Challenges
 - Not a standardized offering
 - One-of-a-kind systems by Custom Engineering
 - Software levels different from Cray products
 - Synchronization & Consistency
 - Lack of complete cluster management system
 - Software packaging
- Recommendations
 - A product based on external services







Enabling New Science



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