

Custom Integration and CrayPE

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- **Agenda**
- Background information
- CrayPE 2 design goals
- CrayPE 2 implementation
- Simple product integration
- Product integration with multiple builds
- Questions



CrayPE Compiling Drivers



- Command line interface for compiling and linking
 - cc C compilations
 - ftn Fortran compilation
 - CC C++ compilation
- Creates compile/link line
- Resolves link dependencies

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Craype 2.0 Design Goals



- The front-end needs to be product- and version-agnostic and to require no explicit version tracking.
- A system that could be learned and used easily.
- A system that would easily integrate into both Cray and standard GNU/Linux systems.
- A compiling front-end that works programmatically.
- Increased performance
- A system that would allow the library stack to be used independently and treated as a separate abstraction layer.
- Improvements in error detecting and reporting.

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Product Agnostic Drivers



 Product integration methods should be made generic whenever possible

- Driver updates should never be needed for product support
- All needed driver actions should be configured by files within a product

Link/Compile Line Complexity Reduction



- Duplicate flags should be removed
- Libraries should be ordered correctly
 - This eliminates the need for duplicate libraries and some other linker commands
- Linker library lookup should be relied on when possible
- Dynamic libraries shouldn't explicitly link their dependencies
- Users should be able to isolate libraries that they that are using

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Custom Integration



- Anyone should be able to build and integrate their own product.
- Standard integrations methods should be supported whenever possible
- Anyone should be able to integrate a product of any supported complexity
- User-integrated products and Cray products should share the same driver interface (for seamless integration and lowered maintenance)

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Add Flag/Library Bypassing (library stack/compiler _____ front-end abstraction)



- Users should be able to conveniently:
 - View generated compiling flags
 - View generated linking flags
 - View flags needed by one product and it's dependencies
 - Prevent the driver from inserting flags
 - Pass custom flags to the compiler front-end

Remove Module Interdependencies



- Modules loading modules can leave an inconsistent state
- Leaves users with modules they didn't load
- Will result in every library of a parent module being linked in when only a subset is needed (over-linking).
- Libraries for all products should be accessible with or without the modules being loaded

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Our Solution



1. Standard conventions for products to define their own compatibly

- 2. Modules to set up the environment
- 3. pkg-config files to define compiling flags/linking flags and dependencies

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What CrayPE Provides



- Standard conventions for complexity beyond pkgconfig's scope including:
 - Multiple product (library) versions
 - Multiple programming environments
 - Multiple compiler version
 - Including compiler compatibility matching
 - Products optimized for multiple architectures
 - Include CPU targeting compatibility fallback

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pkg-config



- A unified interface for querying installed libraries
- Provides details for compiling and linking a program to a library:
 - Parameters for compilers
 - Parameters for linkers
 - Library dependencies
- Library information contained in metadata *.pc files
 - Located in a "pkgconfig" directory in the library directory

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Why pkg-config?

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- Pkg-config automatically:
 - Resolves dependencies
 - Checks versions
 - Handles statics/dynamic library ordering
 - Removes duplicate flags
- Many third-party products already have pc files
- Pkg-config is supported by some third-party builds
- pkg-config is a standard utility and therefore is familiar to the Linux community

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pc file example

prefix=/usr/local
includedir=\${prefix}/include
libdir=\${exec prefix}/lib

Name: foo

Description: The foo library

Version: 1.0.0

Cflags: -I\${includedir}/foo

Libs: -L\${libdir} -lfoo

Requires: bar >= 1.0.0



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Used by pkg-config

 PKG_CONFIG_PATH – An environment variable containing paths that pkg-config searches for pc files

Used by the driver:

- PE_PKGCONFIG_PRODUCTS List of product's that have product-specific environment variables
- \${PRODUCT_NAME}_PKGCONFIG_LIBS A list of top-level pkg-config files (applies to all drivers, cc, CC and ftn)
- \${PRODUCT_NAME}_C_PKGCONFIG_LIBS A colon-separated list of top-level C specific pkg-config files
- \${PRODUCT_NAME}_FORTRAN_PKGCONFIG_LIBS A colon-separated list of top-level fortran specific pkg-config files
- \${PRODUCT_NAME}_CXX_PKGCONFIG_LIBS A colon-separated list of toplevel C++ specific pkg-config files

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Product Integration with a single library directory



- 2. In the modulefile add the directory path containing pc files to PKG_CONFIG_PATH
- 3. Add the pc files to the *_PKGCONFIG_LIBS list for the programming languages needed by the product

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Example

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seanb@pe03:~> module show atp

/opt/cray/modulefiles/atp/1.6.4.1:

prepend-path PATH /opt/cray/atp/1.6.4.1/bin

prepend-path MANPATH /opt/cray/atp/1.6.4.1/man

append-path PKG_CONFIG_PATH /opt/cray/atp/1.6.4.1/lib/pkgconfig

prepend-path PE_PKGCONFIG_PRODUCTS atp

prepend-path atp_PKGCONFIG_LIBS AtpSigHandler

prepend-path atp_PKGCONFIG_LIBS AtpSigHCommData

seanb@pe03:~> pkg-config --libs --cflags AtpSigHandler,AtpSigHCommData -WI,--undefined=_ATP_Data_Globals -WI,--undefined=_atpHandlerInstall -L/opt/cray/atp/1.6.4.1/lib -lAtpSigHandler - lAtpSigHCommData

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Product integration with PrgEnv specific libraries



- 1. Make pc files with the appropriate linking and compile flags and dependencies for each PrgEnv
- Add the pc files to the *_PKGCONFIG_LIBS list that should be referenced by the driver
- 3. For each PrgEnv append the PrgEnv specific path to:
 - PE_\${PRGENV}_FIXED_PKGCONFIG_PATH

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Example

prepend-path PE PKGCONFIG PRODUCTS hdf5

hdf5 PKGCONFIG LIBS hdf5 hl:hdf5 prepend-path

hdf5 CPP PKGCONFIG LIBS hdf5 cpp:hdf5 hl cpp prepend-path

prepend-path hdf5 FORTRAN PKGCONFIG LIBS hdf5hl fortran:hdf5 fortran

hdf5 FIXED PRGENV GNU INTEL PGI CRAY setenv

prepend-path PE GNU FIXED PKGCONFIG PATH /tmp/hdf5/1.8.11/GNU/lib/pkgconfig

PE INTEL FIXED PKGCONFIG PATH /tmp/hdf5/1.8.11/INTEL/lib/ prepend-path

pkgconfig

prepend-path PE PGI FIXED PKGCONFIG PATH /tmp/hdf5/1.8.11/PGI/lib/pkgconfig

PE CRAY FIXED PKGCONFIG PATH /tmp/hdf5/1.8.11/CRAY/lib/pkgconfig prepend-path

prepend-path LD LIBRARY PATH /tmp/hdf5/1.8.11/CRAY/lib

prepend-path PATH /tmp/hdf5/1.8.11/bin

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Products integration with multiple compiler or CPU built libraries

- Make pc files with the appropriate linking and compile flags and dependencies for each build
- Add the pc files to the * PKGCONFIG LIBS list that should be referenced by the driver
- Define:
 - Add the product to PE PKGCONFIG PRODUCTS
- Set "PE_\${NAME}_VOLATILE_PKGCONFIG_PATH" with keywords where the path can change e.g.:
 - /opt/cray/product/version/@PRGENV@/@PE_PRODUCT_DIR@/lib/ pkgconfig
- Define compiler versions and CPUs e.g:
 - PE \${PRODUCT} DIR \${PRGENV} \${CPU} "directory name"

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Volatile Paths



- \${PRODUCT_NAME}_DIR can be used for defining conditionally name directories
- \${PRODUCT_NAME}_PKGCONFIG_VARIABLES can be used for conditionally defining variable's for pkg-config
- **\${PRODUCT_NAME}_GENCOMPILERS** can be used to indicate that the driver should select from the given list of compilers
- **\${PRODUCT_NAME}_TARGETS** can be used to indicate the CPUs that the product was built with and is compatible with.

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Scientific Libraries Example



seanb@pe03:~> module show cray-libsci

/opt/cray/modulefiles/cray-libsci/12.1.01:

conflict xt-libsci

setenv CRAY_LIBSCI_VERSION 12.1.01

setenv CRAY_LIBSCI_PREFIX_DIR /opt/cray/libsci/12.1.01/CRAY/81/ivybridge

prepend-path CRAY_LD_LIBRARY_PATH /opt/cray/libsci/12.1.01/CRAY/81/ivybridge/lib

PE LIBSCI GENCOMPILERS CRAY sandybridge 81

prepend-path MANPATH /opt/cray/libsci/12.1.01/man prepend-path PE_PKGCONFIG_PRODUCTS PE_LIBSCI

setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_CRAY_x86_64 81
setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_CRAY_interlagos 81

setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_GNU_x86_64 47 48
setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_GNU_interlagos 47 48

setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_GNU_sandybridge 47 48

setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_INTEL_x86_64 130
setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_INTEL_interlagos 130
setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_INTEL_sandybridge 130

setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_PGI_x86_64 121
setenv PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS_PGI_interlagos 121

setenv PE_LIBSCI_VOLATILE_PKGCONFIG_PATH /opt/cray/libsci/12.1.01/@PRGENV@/@PE_LIBSCI_GENCOMPILERS@/

@PE_LIBSCI_TARGET@/lib/pkgconfig

prepend-path PE_LIBSCI_REQUIRED_PRODUCTS PE_MPICH:PE_FFTW

prepend-path PE_PKGCONFIG_LIBS sci_mp:sci
prepend-path PE_CXX_PKGCONFIG_LIBS scicpp

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setenv

Craypkg-gen



- Tool for simplifying product integration
- Creates *.pc files:
 - craypkg-gen –p prefix/product-name/product-version
- Creates modulefiles
 - craypkg-gen –m prefix/product-name/product-version

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Miscellaneous



To prevent the necessity for module interdependencies:

- pc files list library dependencies
- A script for a default product can be placed in:
 /opt/cray/admin-pe/pkgconfig_default_files/
 to set up a PKG_CONFIG_PATH for any default product (so pkg-config can find libraries for all default products

To create a better layer of abstraction:

- Libraries, compiler flags, pc files or a processed pkg-config path can viewed:
 cc --cray-print-opts=libs|cflags|pkg_config_path|pcfiles|all (all being default)
- Link/compile creation can be bypassed with: cc --cray-bypass-pkgconfig

To increase error message usefulness:

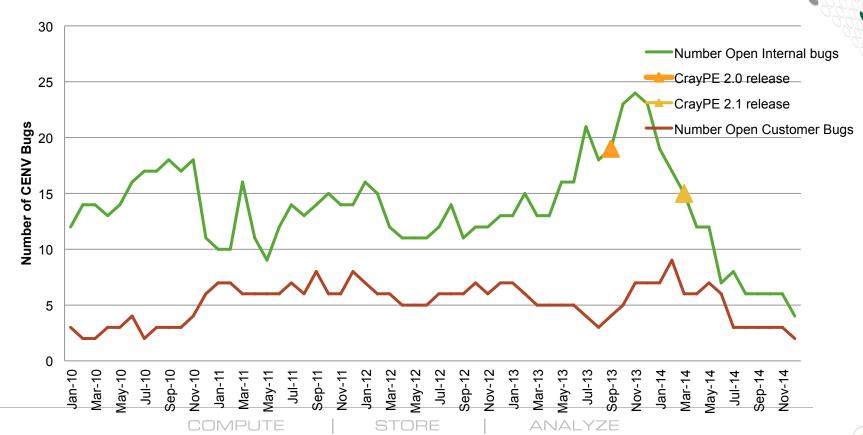
- Using pkg-config's built in version checking:
- Detecting & printing compiler/library version mismatches

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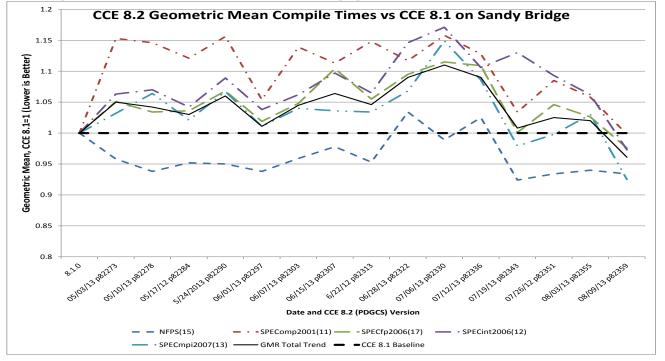
CENV Bugs Over Time





Performance





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Questions?

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Additional resources: man craype_api, man craypkg-gen, cc –help craypkg-gen examples: /opt/cray/craypkg-gen/default/doc

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