

# **DESTINATION EARTH**

# Climate Change Adaptation Digital Twin to support decision making

**Jenni Kontkanen**<sup>1</sup>, Mario Acosta<sup>2</sup>, Pierre-Antoine Bretonnière<sup>2</sup>, Miguel Castrillo<sup>2</sup>, Paolo Davini<sup>3</sup>, Francisco Doblas-Reyes<sup>2,4</sup>, Barbara Früh<sup>5</sup>, Jost von Hardenberg<sup>6</sup>, Thomas Jung<sup>7</sup>, Heikki Järvinen<sup>8</sup>, Jan Keller<sup>5</sup>, Daniel Klocke<sup>9</sup>, Sami Niemelä<sup>10</sup>, Bjorn Stevens<sup>9</sup>, Stephan Thober<sup>11</sup>, and Pekka Manninen<sup>1</sup>

CSC

1 CSC - IT Center for Science, 2 Barcelona Supercomputing Centre, 3 ISAC-CNR – Institute of Atmospheric Sciences and Climate, Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, 4 Institució Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avançats, 5 DWD – Deutscher Wetterdienst, 6 Politecnico di Torino, 7 Alfred Wegener Institute Helmholtz Center for Polar and Marine Research, 8 University of Helsinki, 9 MPI-M – Max Planck Institute for Meteorology, 10 Finnish Meteorological Institute, 11 Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research

Destination Earth implemented by 😳 ECMWF 📀 esa 🗲 EUMETSAT





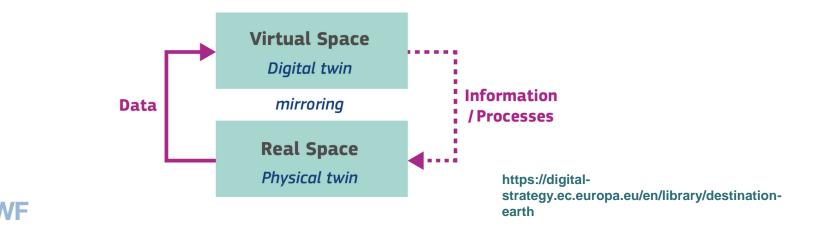
# DESTINATION EARTH - BUILDING A DIGITAL TWIN OF EARTH



 Digital twin concept introduced in the early 2000s as part of product lifecycle management:

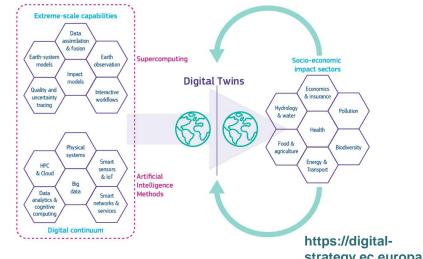
"Digital twin is a digital representation of a real-world physical product, system, or process (a *physical twin*) that serves as the effectively indistinguishable digital counterpart of it for practical purposes, such as simulation, testing, monitoring, and maintenance."

 Digital Twins (DTs) are used in many domains, e.g. in manufacturing, urban planning, and car industry → what about Earth sciences?



# DESTINATION WHAT CAN A DIGITAL TWIN MEAN IN EARTH SCIENCES?

- Earth system very complex but we can still build digital twins that provide knowledge and functionalities beyond the traditional Earth system modelling
- Digital twins of different parts of the Earth system and the whole Earth could include
  - combination of physics-based modeling & data-driven approaches (incl. AI & ML)
  - possibility for the users to access the results real-time & interact with the models
  - provision of accurate information at high temporal and spatial scales that can be used for decision making





CSC

4

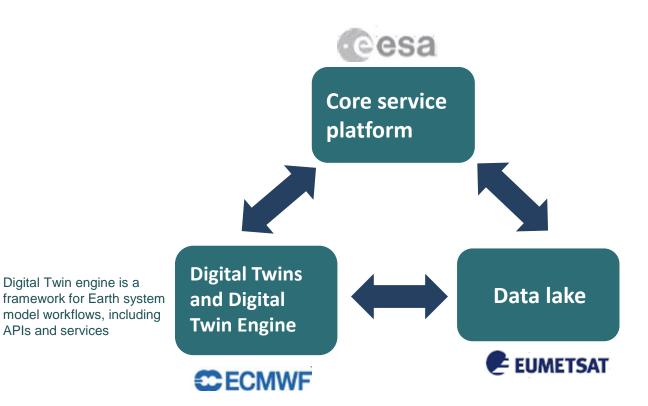
- European Commission's program developing Digital Twins (DTs) of the Earth to support decision-making.
- Implemented by ESA, ECMWF, and EUMETSAT through procurements.
- First phase going on, the program to be completed by 2030.
- First DTs: Climate change adaptation DT and Weather Extremes DT. In addition, other DTs developed in EU-funded projects (e.g. Biodiversity DT).



https://digitalstrategy.ec.europa.eu/en/policies/destin ation-earth



#### **DESTINATION EARTH SYSTEM COMPONENTS**



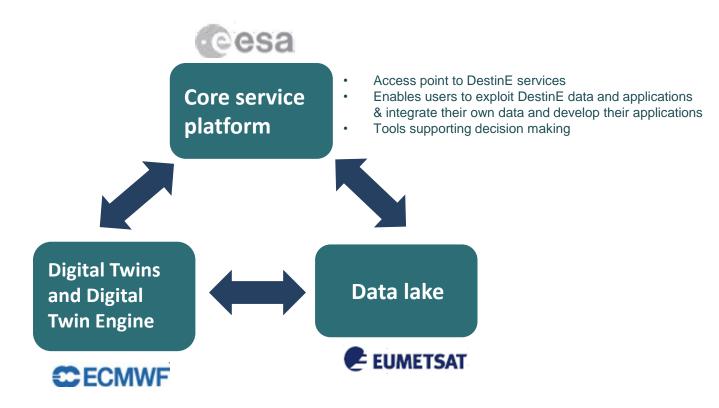


APIs and services

•

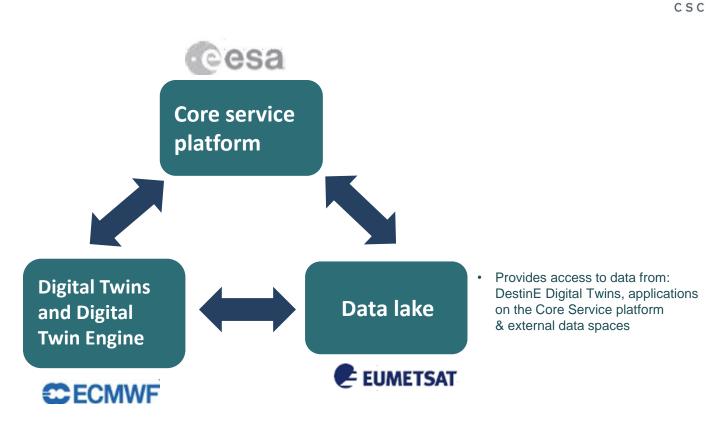
#### **DESTINATION EARTH SYSTEM COMPONENTS**







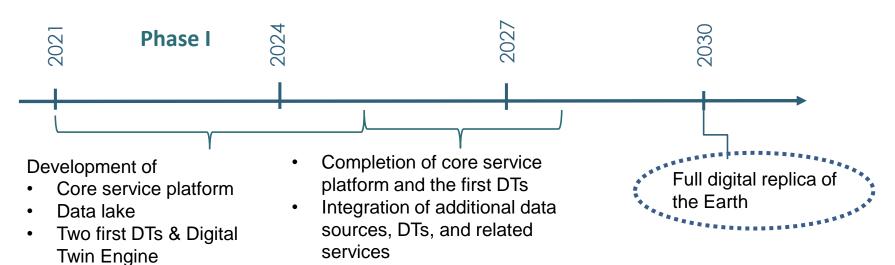
#### **DESTINATION EARTH SYSTEM COMPONENTS**







# **DESTINATION EARTH TIMELINE**



Based on https://digital-strategy.ec.europa.eu/ en/policies/destination-earth





- DestinE digital twins require **extreme computing power and data handling capabilities** → efficient use of Europe's fastest supercomputers needed.
- Utilizes EuroHPC pre-exascale supercomputers: LUMI, MareNostrum5 & Leonardo
- Computing resources provided by EuroHPC JU
  - 10% of the node hour budget allocated to strategic activities.

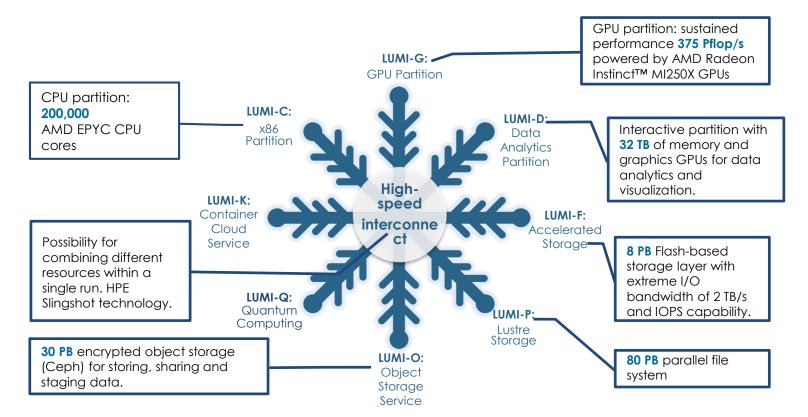






## LUMI – HPE CRAY EX SUPERCOMPUTER

- Suitable as a platform for digital twins thanks to its versatile features.
- Sustainability of operations in line with the objectives of Destination Earth.





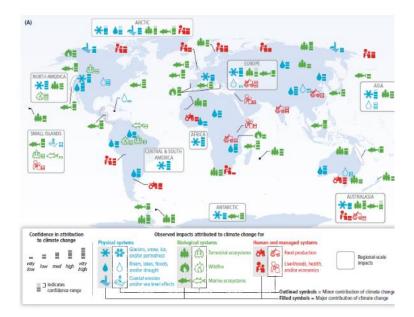
# CLIMATE ADAPTATION DIGITAL TWIN (CLIMATE DT)



## CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION – NEED FOR NEW SOLUTIONS

- Climate change will have severe impacts on human and natural systems - regional and local effects uncertain
- Current climate modelling activities have limitations regarding climate change adaptation
  - low horizontal resolution of the global models
  - slow process with no interactivity with the users

New solutions are needed to inform climate change adaptation efforts and to assess the risks of failed mitigation actions.



Observed climate change impacts on physical, biological and human systems. (*IPCC, AR5, WGII, 2014*).



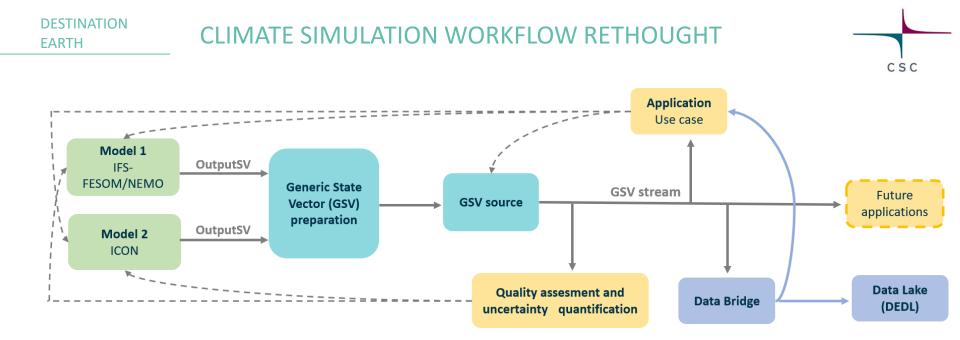
DESTINATION

EARTH

# CLIMATE ADAPTATION DIGITAL TWIN (CLIMATE DT)

Climate DT is a new type of climate information system that can be used to assess the impacts of climate change and different adaptation strategies at local and regional levels over multiple decades.

- Climate DT will encompass:
  - Global climate simulations at an unprecedented horizontal resolution
  - Novel approach with streaming of climate model output to impact models
  - Quality assessment and uncertainty quantification based on observations
  - Deployment on two European pre-exascale supercomputers: LUMI and MareNostrum5



Streaming of climate model output enables

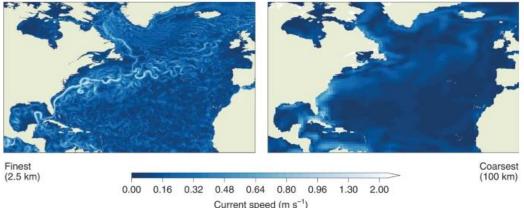
- · users to access the full model state as soon as it is available
- · interactivity users may request simulations based on their needs in the future phases of DestinE
- scalability new applications can be added
- handling huge amounts of data no need to store everything long-term

#### **C**ECMWF

# DESTINATION EARTH NEXT-GENERATION EARTH SYSTEM MODELS

- Climate DT utilizes two next-generation Earth system models: ICON and IFS-NEMO/FESOM
- During the 1st phase, multi-decadal simulations on 5 km global mesh
  - Target throughput: ~1 simulated year per day
  - One simulation produces PBs of data
- High-resolution simulations enable:
  - smaller-scale processes described with physics
  - local information relevant to users
  - easier comparison with observations

Ocean currents in Northern Atlantic simulated at different resolutions with ICON within NextGEMS project. (*Hewitt et al., 2016, Nat. Clim. Change*).

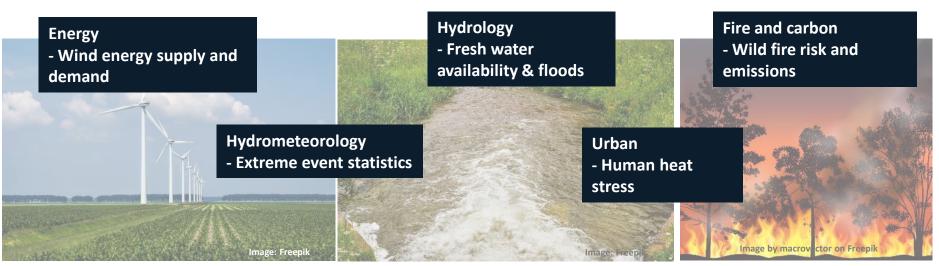


16



## CLIMATE DT USE CASES – IMPACT ASSESSMENTS ON DIFFERENT SECTORS

• Use cases will assess **climate change impacts on different topics** based on the streamed climate simulation data.





#### DESTINATION EARTH

## CLIMATE DT TEAM

 13 European organizations with expertise in climate modelling, impact assessments & high performance computing

Name	Organisation	Country
CSC	CSC – IT Center for Science	FI
BSC	Barcelona Supercomputing Center/Centro Nacional de Supercomputación	ES
MPI - M	Max Planck Institute for Meteorology	DE
UH	University of Helsinki	FI
AWI	Alfred Wegener Institute, Helmholtz Centre for Polar and Marine Research	DE
CNR-ISAC	Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, Istituto di Scienze dell'Atmosfera e del Clima	IT
POLITO	Politecnico di Torino	IT
FMI	Finnish Meteorological Institute	FI
DWD	National Meteorological Service of Germany	DE
UFZ	Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research	DE
UCLouvain	Université catholique de Louvain	BE
DKRZ	German Climate Computing Centre	DE
HPE	Hewlett Packard Enterprise	FR



## CLIMATE DT – FIRST RESULTS ON LUMI

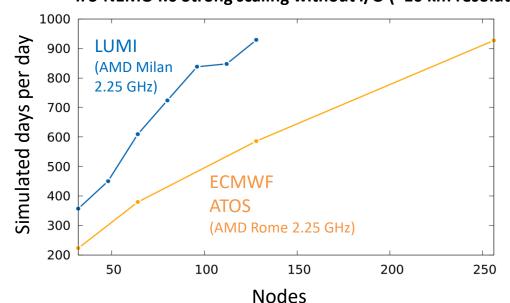


- Development of Climate DT started in Sep 2022 the first version to be finished by April 2024.
- IFS-based models deployed on LUMI-C
  - Main challenges related to the complexity of the IFS code
- ICON deployed on LUMI-C and LUMI-G
  - Fortran with OpenACC for GPU offloading
    - For OpenACC only Cray compiler available but not completely supported yet
    - Case-by-case workarounds needed in the ICON code





#### DESTINATION EARTH PRELIMINARY RESULTS ON MODEL PERFORMANCE ON LUMI: IFS-NEMO ON LUMI-C

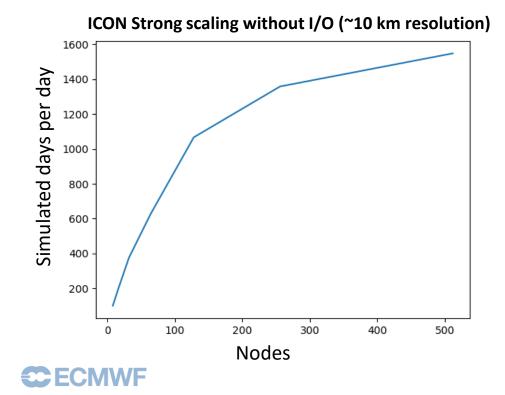


#### IFS-NEMO4.0 Strong scaling without I/O (~10 km resolution)

- Preliminary results suggest clearly improved performance on LUMI.
- Possible explanations include newer CPUs, different compiler (Cray fortran) & different MPI (slingshot) library.



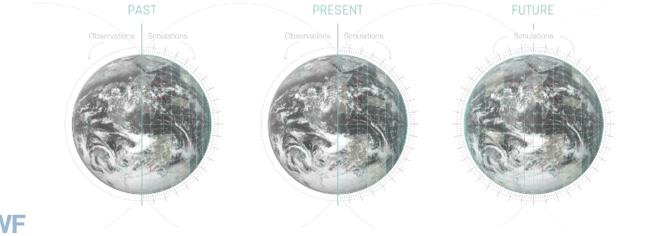
# DESTINATION EARTH PRELIMINARY RESULTS ON MODEL PERFORMANCE ON LUMI:



 ICON configuration without radiation & land and ocean surfaces (corresponds to the acceptance benchmark) scales well until 128 nodes & has high throughput



- Destination Earth program develops Digital Twins of Earth to support decision making.
- Climate Digital Twin is a new type of climate information system based on high-resolution climate simulations, impact modeling and high-performance computing.
- EuroHPC LUMI an HPE Cray Ex Supercomputer is one of the main computing platforms of Destination Earth.





### **CONTACT AND FURTHER INFORMATION**

### Climate DT & CSC's other DT activities:

Jenni Kontkanen, Manager of Digital Twin Technologies jenni.kontkanen@csc.fi

#### **Destination Earth:**

www.ecmwf.int/destine



