

AIOPS EMPOWERED FAILURE PREDICTION IN SYSTEM MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE TOOLS

Deepak Nanjundaiah Subrahmanya Joshi Sergey Serebryakov

May 09, 2024

AGENDA



Why AI and ML for HPC systems?



AlOps Machine Learning and Failure Prediction Framework



AlOps Dashboards



Current Status and Future Work

WHY AI / ML FOR HPC DATA CENTERS?

Large number of metrics (thousands)

Real-time data streams at NREL datacenter: $O(10^3)$ facility data points per minute and $O(10^6)$ Eagle data points per minute.

- Do not know where to look.
- Data is coming real time at high rates
- Threshold-based methods (setpoints) are used, but produce many false positives and thus not scalable
- Some anomalies can only be identified in high-dimensional spaces (multiple metrics).
- Setpoints and Dashboards are not always sufficient to identify anomalies

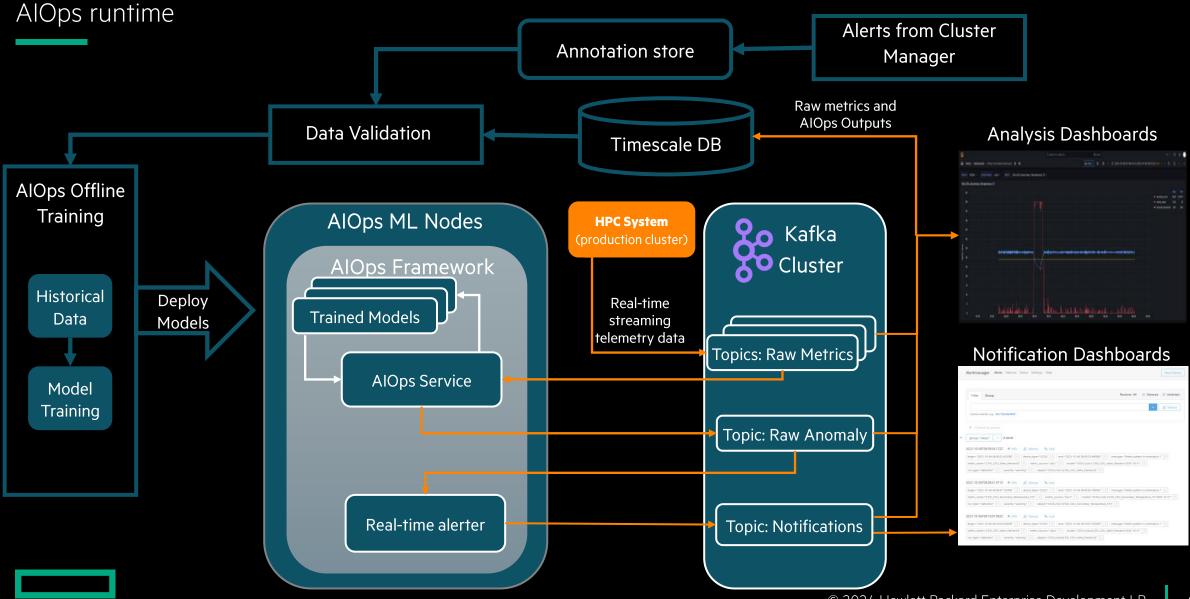
Broad range of problems (not only anomaly detection)

- Anomaly Detection (single metric and multi-metric models)
- Forecasting
- Preventative maintenance
- Reducing carbon footprint by optimizing datacenter ops (Digital Twins)









From statistical to machine learning models for time series data



Uni-variate models



Multi-variate models

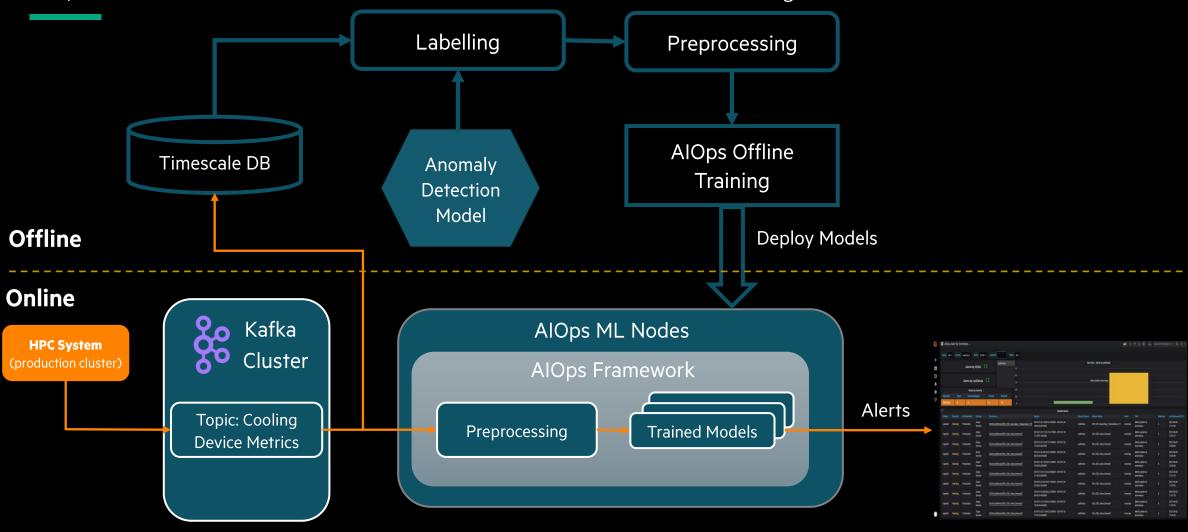
enable

- Anomaly Detection
- Failure Prediction
- Forecasting

AlOps Failure Prediction Framework: Overview

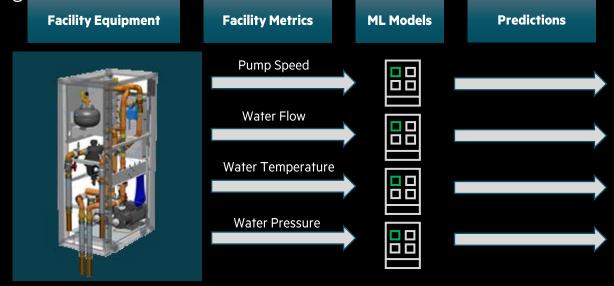
- Some failures are easily predictable, while others are extremely hard to predict.
- 2 types of failures. Some failures occur suddenly, while others are preceded by some specific set of events.
- These occurrences could be anomalies or, at times, simply a normal sequence of events.
- We can train a model to understand these events, and during inference, could potentially predict them even before they happen.
- To accomplish this, we require historical data with known and accurately labeled failures.

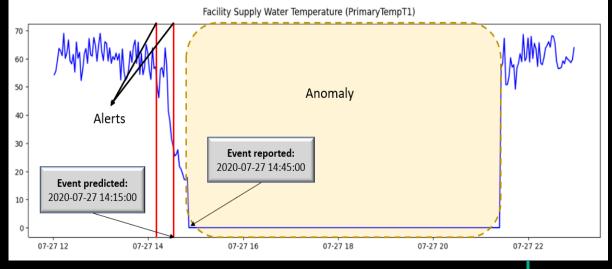
AlOps Failure Prediction Framework: Online Inference and Offline training architecture



AlOps Failure Prediction Framework: Machine Learning Models

- We use LSTM and fully connected neural networks for failure prediction.
- LSTMs very effectively capture and utilize long term dependencies in sequential data.
- Anomaly detection models, which are part of AlOps itself label the data.
- Models are uni-variate, with each being trained and utilized for inference on a single metric.
- Models employ a semi-supervised approach, wherein labeled data is automatically generated from existing detection models.

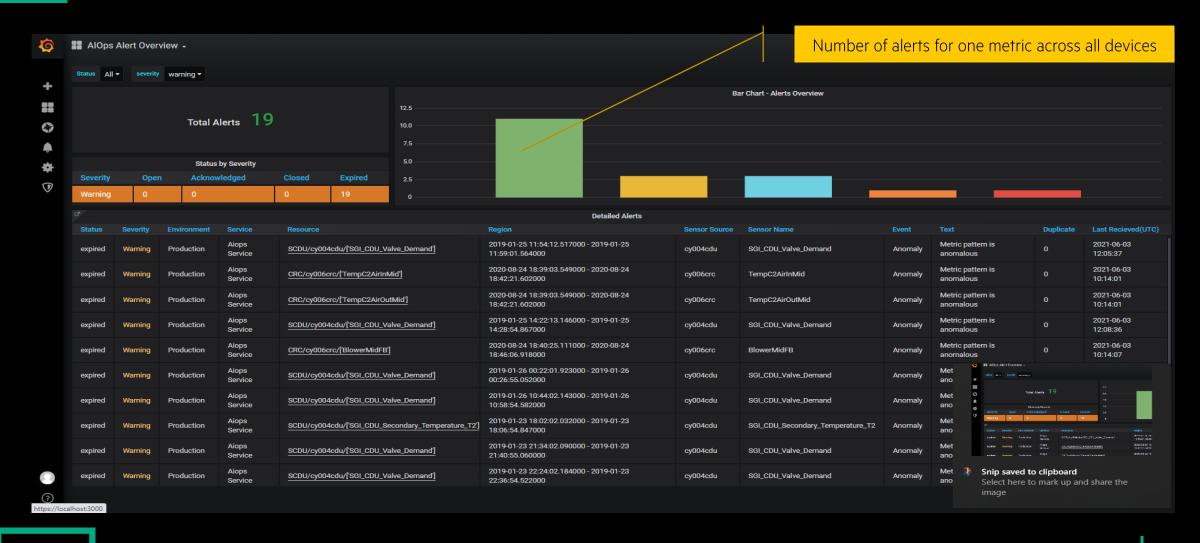




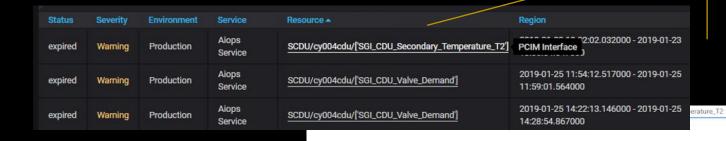
Univariate anomaly detection dashboard for Coolant Distribution Units (CDUs)



AlOps alert overview

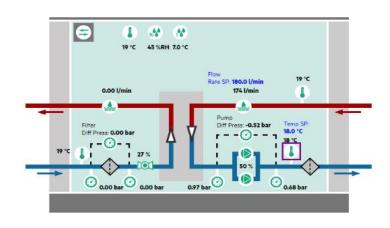


Connection with HPCM PCIM visualization



Click metric source to open PCIM interface for this device. This metric will be shown inside a pink rectangle.

PCIM – Power and Cooling Infrastructure Manager



SGI 8600 CDU Alarm:

Trap Args String: No message

SGI 8600 CDU Status:

Status Mode: Online Current Pump: Inverter #2
Current Operating Set Point: 18 Pump #1 Runtime (hours): 18354

選 ☆ 海

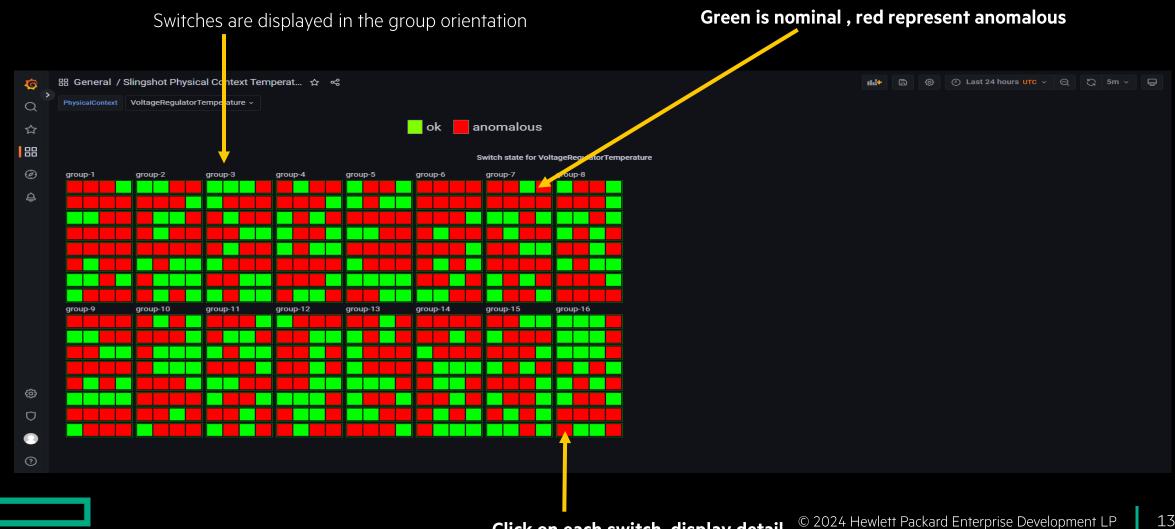
cy004cdu

Alert History

Visualizing IT metrics



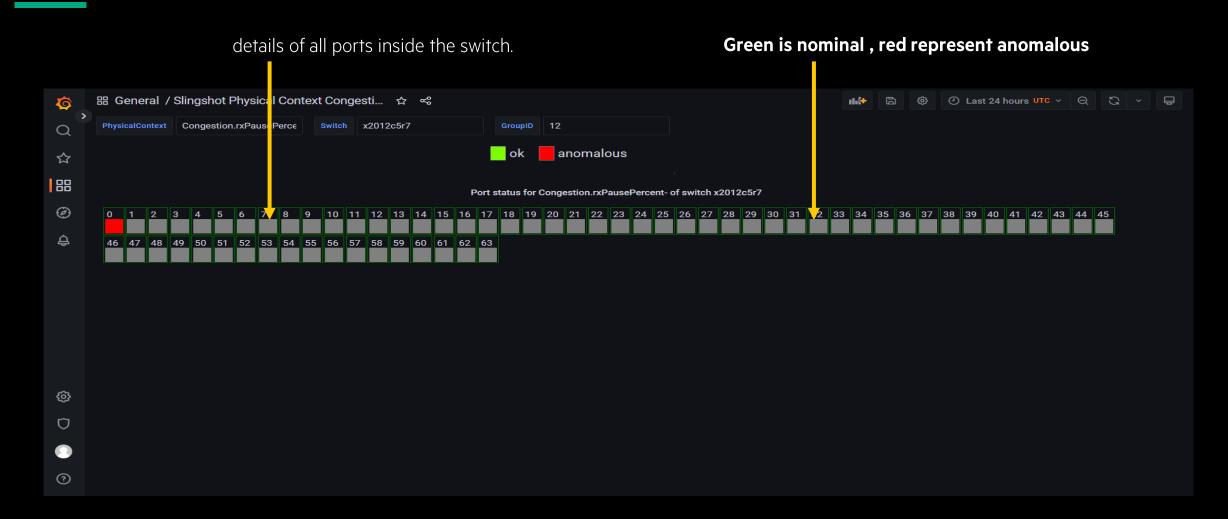
Visualizing Slingshot metrics



Visualizing Slingshot metrics



Visualizing Slingshot metrics



STATUS AND FUTURE WORK

CURRENT STATUS

- AlOps has been deployed in NREL's production environment since June 2020.
- AlOps has detected 50% more hardware-related anomalies (using historical data).
- AlOps has shown that 40% more high priority incidents that turned into critical events could have been prevented by demonstrated early anomaly detection.
- AlOps supports MLOps, Automation of Model training/creation and reload, model re-training and performance monitoring.
- AIOps supports anomaly detection for
 - Facility metrics CDU (cooling distribution unit), CRC (cooling rack controller), ARCS (Adaptive Rack Cooling System)
 - IT telemetry metrics, with new Grafana visualization panel
 - Slingshot telemetry metrics, with new Grafana visualization panel
- AIOps supports metric forecast and failure prediction for CDU metrics

- AlOps is integrated with HPCM 1.11 and CSM 1.4
- AlOps Integration with GreenLake: A proof of concept (POC) has already been conducted in collaboration with the Green Lake COM team for the purpose of anomaly detection and the reduction of carbon emissions by optimizing the data center ops.

FUTURE WORK - 2024

- Multi-variate failure prediction
- Platform independent solution that can be easily leveraged across HPE infrastructure portfolio (GreenLake).
- Analyzing and predicting job failures.
- Log analytics: Anomaly Detection and Diagnosis from System Logs through Deep Learning.



THANK YOU

Deepak Nanjundaiah, HPC System Software, _nanjundaiah@hpe.com
Sergey Serebryakov, HPE Labs, _sergey.serebryakov@hpe.com
Subrahmanya Joshi, HPC System Software, _subrahmanya-vinayak-joshi@hpe.com
Amarnath Chilumukuru, HPC System Software, _amarnath.c@hpe.com
Piyali Hazra, HPC System Software, _piyali.hazra@hpe.com